Recent Progress with EtaMAID

L. Tiator, Mainz



SFB/S3/MTZ Collaboration Meeting, Mainz, February 15-19, 2016



from **quark-hadron-duality** it is known:

sum over all s-channel resonances is equivalent to sum over all t-channel resonances therefore: doing both leads to double counting





Fig. 3. Dual descriptions of the scattering process, in terms of a sum over *s*-channel resonances R(s), and in terms of *t*-channel Reggeon exchanges $\alpha_j(t)$ (see text).

quark-hadron duality



W. Melnitchouk et al. / Physics Reports 406 (2005) 127-301



Regge-Plus-Resonance Models



e.g. Gent group around Jan Ryckebusch, for kaon photoproduction Marc Vanderhaeghen and coll for pion and eta photoproduction

for pion and eta photoproduction models below W=2 GeV resonance models work well without Regge phenomenology

for kaon photoproduction it does not work so well Regge phenomenology is doing much better and mostly applied

for etaprime photoproduction it also seems necessary threshold is already around W~1.9 GeV

different techniques to reduce/avoid double counting have been tried: projection techniques to subtract specific partial waves from Regge amplitudes finite energy sum rules to get smooth transitions from resonance to Regge (V. Matthieu et al. 2015)



Photoproduction of π, η, K, η



background is very different:

large for γ,π and $\gamma,K,\;\;$ small for $\gamma,\eta',\;\;$ very small for γ,η

MAID



the Unitary Isobar Model

$$t^{\alpha}_{\gamma,\pi} = v^{\alpha}_{\gamma,\pi}(Born + \omega, \rho) (1 + it^{\alpha}_{\pi,\pi})$$
K-matrix unitarization
$$+ t^{\alpha}_{\gamma,\pi}(Resonances) e^{i\Phi(W)}$$
unitarization phase
determined by the Watson theorem, below 2π threshold
relaxed above 2π threshold

ETA-MAID



uses a simpler approach without additional unitarization:

$t_{\gamma,\eta} = v_{\gamma,\eta}(Born + \omega, \rho) + t_{\gamma,\eta}(Resonances)$

this is probably not so good and most likely violates unitarity crossing symmetry is also more or less violated in isobar models both can be cured by using fixed-t dispersion relations

Background





$$\mathcal{L}_{\gamma NN} = -e\bar{\psi} \left[\gamma_{\mu} A^{\mu} F_{1}(Q^{2}) + \frac{\sigma_{\mu\nu}}{2 m_{N}} \partial^{\mu} A^{\nu} F_{2}(Q^{2}) \right] \psi$$
$$\mathcal{L}_{\eta NN} = -i g_{\eta NN} \bar{\psi} \gamma_{5} \psi \phi_{\eta}$$

very small coupling constant: $0 < g_{\eta NN}^2/4\pi < 0.1$ (SU(3): 0.8 - 1.9)

Vector Meson Exchanges



with single-pole terms

 $\gamma\left(k
ight)$

 $N\left(p_{i}\right)$

pole terms

$$\mathcal{L}_{VNN} = g_{VNN} \bar{\psi} \left(\gamma_{\mu} + \frac{\kappa_{VNN}}{2 m_{N}} \sigma_{\mu\nu} \partial^{\nu} \right) V^{\mu} \psi$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{V\eta\gamma} = \frac{e \lambda_{V\eta\gamma}}{m_{\eta}} \varepsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} (\partial^{\mu} A^{\nu}) \phi_{\eta} (\partial^{\rho} V^{\sigma})$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{V\eta\gamma} = \frac{\alpha (M_{V}^{2} - M_{\eta}^{2})^{3}}{24 M_{V}^{3} M_{\eta}^{2}} \lambda_{V\eta\gamma}^{2}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{V\eta\gamma} = \frac{g_{(\rho,\omega)NN}, \kappa_{(\rho,\omega)NN}}{N(p_{f})}$$
hadronic form factor $F_{V}(t) = \left(\frac{\Lambda_{V}^{2} - m_{V}^{2}}{\Lambda_{V}^{2} - t}\right)^{2}$

Resonances





only isospin ¹/₂ resonances no Deltas

8 resonances in η-MAID2001 :

 $\begin{array}{ll} D_{13}(1520) & very \ important \ for \ \Sigma\\ S_{11}(1535) & most \ important\\ S_{11}(1650) & very \ important\\ D_{15}(1675) & very \ important \ for \ \Sigma \end{array}$

 $F_{15}(1680)$ less important D₁₃(1700) unimportant P₁₁(1710) important P₁₃(1720) unimportant

Breit-Wigner form:

isospin factor $C_{\eta N} = -1$

$$f_{\eta N}(W) = \left[\frac{1}{(2j+1)\pi} \frac{k}{|q|} \frac{m_N}{W_R} \frac{\Gamma_{\eta N}}{\Gamma_{tot}^2}\right]^{1/2}$$

$$\Gamma_{\eta N} = \beta_{\eta N} \Gamma_R \left(\frac{|q|}{|q_R|}\right)^{2\ell+1} \left(\frac{X^2 + q_R^2}{X^2 + q^2}\right)^{\ell} \frac{W_R}{W}$$

$$\Gamma_{tot} = \Gamma_{\eta N} + \Gamma_{\pi N} + \Gamma_{\pi\pi N}$$

$$f_{\mu N}(W) = 1$$

 $f_{\gamma N}(W) = 1$

EtaMAID update for coupled γ,η and γ,η'



(with V. Kashevarov, Mainz)

still preliminary

background: Born terms with very small coupling $g_{\eta NN}^2 = 0.0076$ ρ, ω t-channel single-pole terms (very different from new Regge approach)

Resonances in η MAID-2003 $D_{13}(1520)^{****}$ $S_{11}(1535)^{****}$ $S_{11}(1650)^{****}$ $D_{15}(1675)^{****}$ $F_{15}(1680)^{****}$ $D_{13}(1700)^{***}$ $P_{11}(1710)^{***}$ $P_{13}(1720)^{****}$

Additional resonances in nMAID-2015d-2

F ₁₅ (1860)**	D ₁₃ (1875)***	P ₁₁ (1880)**	S ₁₁ (1895)**
P ₁₃ (1900)***	F ₁₇ (1990)**	F ₁₅ (2000)**	
D ₁₅ (2060)**	D ₁₃ (2150)**	G ₁₇ (2190)****	
H ₁₉ (2220)****	G ₁₉ (2250)****		
P ₁₁ (1440)****	P ₁₁ (2300)**	D ₁₅ (2570)**	

red marked resonances have very small contributions and were excluded from fit

η Photoproduction at MAMI



MAMI A2 Collab, preliminary



η Photoproduction at MAMI

 $\gamma p \rightarrow \eta p$

MAMI A2 Collab, preliminary



EtaMAID update for coupled γ,η and γ,η'



(with V. Kashevarov, Mainz)

data used in the fit

	γΡ -	→ ηp
dσ/dΩ	W=1.488 – 1.957 GeV	MAMI 2015, Prakhov, preliminary
 dσ/dΩ 	W=1.965 – 2.075 GeV	CLAS 2009, PR C80 (2009) 045213
• T	W=1.497 – 1.848 GeV	MAMI 2014, PRL 113 (2014) 102001
• F	W=1.497 – 1.848 GeV	MAMI 2014, PRL 113 (2014) 102001
ΞΣ	W=1.496 - 1.908 GeV	GRAAL 2007, EPJ A33 (2007) 169
• E	W=1.525 – 2.125 GeV	CLAS 2015, arXiv:1507.00325v1
	ν n –	→ n'n

dσ/dΩ	
dσ/dΩ	
Ω Σ	

W=1.898 – 1.956 GeV

W=1.925 – 2.045 GeV

W=1.903 – 1.913 GeV

MAMI 2015, Prakhov, preliminary CLAS 2009, PR C80 (2009) 045213 GRAAL 2015, EPJ A51 (2015) 77

overall $\chi^2 \sim 3.8$, below η' threshold $\chi^2 \sim 3.4$

$\gamma p \rightarrow \eta p$

nMAID-2015d-2: total cross sections





magenta line: ηMAID-2015d-2 black line: ηMAID-2015d-2 background

$\gamma p \rightarrow \eta p$ $\eta MAID-2015d-2$: total cross sections





dominant states: S11(1535), S11(1650), S11(1895), P13(1720), D13(2120)^{new}, P13(1900), ...

$\gamma p \rightarrow \eta p$ $\eta MAID-2015d-2$: differential cross sections, Mainz data



$\gamma P \rightarrow \eta P$ $\eta MAID-2015d-2$: differential cross sections, Mainz data



black circles: A2MAMI-15

red: nMAID-2015d-2

$\gamma P \rightarrow \eta P \eta MAID-2015d-2: differential cross sections JLab/DESY$



$\gamma p \rightarrow \eta p \eta MAID-2015d-2: T, F, \Sigma, E data from Mainz/GRAAL/JLab$



black circles: A2MAMI-14 blue circles: GRAAL-07; green: CLAS-15 blue lines: ηMAID-2003 red lines: ηMAID-2015d-2

$\gamma p \rightarrow \eta p$ $\eta MAID-2015d-2$ predictions for CBELSA/TAPS data





blue circles: CBELSA/TAPS-15 (J. Hartmann: T,P,H,

J. Müller: **E**, preliminary)

$\gamma p \rightarrow \eta' p \eta MAID-2015d-2$: total cross section Mainz/Bonn/JLab data



Red circles: A2MAMI-15, black circles: CBELSA/TAPS-09, blue circles: CLAS-09 from Legendre fit

 $\gamma p \rightarrow \eta' p$ $\eta MAID-2015d-2$ and near threshold data



Ò

ò

0.5

MAMI - A2 data 2015, preliminary

GRAAL data 2015

W=1.9032 GeV

W=1.9125 GeV

0

 $\cos \Theta$

ō

호

-0.5



closed circles: A2MAMI-15; open circles : GRAAL-15; Red lines: nMAID-2015d-2

$\gamma p \rightarrow \eta' p$ $\eta MAID-2015d-2$ and CLAS-09 data





blue circles: CLAS-09 (in the fit were included data up to W=2045 MeV) red line: nMAID-2015d-2

$\gamma p \rightarrow \eta' p$ $\eta MAID-2015d-2$ and CBELSA/TAPS-09 data





black circles: CBELSA/TAPS-09 (not included in the fit)

red line: nMAID-2015d-2

new resonances in Eta-MAID update 2015

Particle J^P	overall	$N\gamma$	$N\pi$	$N\eta$	$N\sigma$	$N\omega$	ΛK	ΣK	$N\rho$	$\Delta \pi$	
$N(1440) 1/2^+$	****	****	****	0	***				*	***	
$N(1520) 3/2^{-}$	****	****	****	***)				***	***	
$N(1535) 1/2^{-}$	****	****	****	****					**	*	
$N(1650) 1/2^{-}$	****	****	****	***	>		***	**	**	***	
$N(1675) 5/2^{-}$	****	****	****	*	>		*		*	***	
$N(1680) 5/2^+$	****	****	****	*	**				***	***	() / N* in 2001/2003
$N(1700) 3/2^{-}$	***	**	***	*	>		*	*	*	***	\smile
$N(1710) 1/2^+$	****	****	****	***	>	**	****	**	*	**	
$N(1720) 3/2^+$	****	****	****	***			**	**	**	*	
$N(1860) 5/2^+$	**		**	Õ					*	*	
$N(1875) 3/2^{-}$	***	***	*	Ō		**	***	**		***	15 N* new in 2015
$N(1880) 1/2^+$	**	*	*	0	**		*				
$N(1895) 1/2^{-}$	**	**	*	**			**	*			
$N(1900) 3/2^+$	***	***	**	**		**	***	**	*	**	
$N(1990) 7/2^+$	**	**	**					*			
$N(2000) 5/2^+$	**	**	*	**			**	*	**		only 3 N* reconances
$N(2040) 3/2^+$	*		*	Õ							only 5 N resonances
$N(2060) 5/2^{-1}$	**	**	**	*				**			in PDG below 2.6 GeV.
$N(2100) 1/2^+$	*		*	Õ							
$N(2120) 3/2^{-1}$	**	**	**	\bigcirc			*	*			where we do not find
$N(2190) 7/2^{-}$	****	***	****	\bigcirc		*	**		*		evidence for γ n
$N(2220) 9/2^+$	****		****								
$N(2250) 9/2^{-}$	****		****	\bigcirc							
$N(2300) 1/2^+$	**		**	\sim							
$N(2570) 5/2^{-1}$	**		**	\bigcirc							but over thing is still preliminer

but everything is still preliminary



resonance parameters (below η ' threshold)



	N*	Μ	G E	Br Eta	A1/2	A3/2	PDG stars for Nr
-	D13(1520)	1513.	125.	0.11	-28.0	124.	***
	S11(1535)	1534.	161.	42.	115.		****
	S11(1650)	1645.	116.	-12.	45.		***
	D15(1675)	1659.	165.	-1.9	11.	33.	*
	F15(1680)	1680.	115.	0.10	-9.0	145.	*
	D13(1700)	1711.	106.	-2.6	14.0	-37.	*
	P11(1710)	1724.	80.	2.2	50.		***
	P13(1720)	1745.	268 .	7.2	70.	30.	* * *
	F15(1860)	1819.	192.	1.1	-96.	-64.	new
	D13(1875)	1831.	275.	-2.2	-59.	7.0	new
	P11(1880)	1862.	158.	20.	-13.		new

resonance parameters (above η ' threshold)



N*	Μ	G	Br Eta	Br Eta'	A1/2	A3/2	PDG stars for Nr
S11(1895)	1895.	220.	26.	5.2	-40.		**
P13(1900)	1915.	383.	-14.	-0.017	44.	-21.	**
F17(1990)	1894.	114.	0.046	-0.00	-19.	-93.	new
F15(2000)	2029.	244.	-0.67	0.015	-141.	60.	**
D15(2060)	2014.	454.	0.42	-0.92	-102.	8.9	*
D13(2120)	2064.	30 5.	1.17	-0.34	147.	-130.	new
G17(2190)	2223.	303.	2.07	1.9	88.	-18.	new
G19(2250)	2149.	575.	-2.05	-2.0	46.	0.8	new
D15(2570)	2475.	398.	-4.08	-0.29	-20.	-63.	new

10 resonances according to their importance in $\sigma_{\text{total}}(\gamma,\eta)$



 N*	Μ	G E	Br Eta	A1/2	A3/2	PDG :	stars for Nn
 S11(1535)	1534.	161.	42.	115.		****	17 mb
S11(1650)	1645.	116.	-12.	45.		***	1 mb
S11(1895)	1895.	220.	26.	-40.		**	0.85 mb
P13(1720)	1745.	268.	7.2	70.	30.	* * *	0.70 mb
D13(2120)	2064.	305 .	1.17	147.	-130.	new	0.55 mb
P13(1900)	1915.	383.	-14.	44.	-21.	**	0.40 mb
P11(1710)	1724.	80.	2.2	50.		***	0.30 mb
F15(1860)	1819.	192.	1.1	-96.	-64.	new	0.30 mb
D13(1520)	1513.	125.	0.11	-28.0	124.	***	0.25 mb
F15(2000)	2029.	244.	-0.67	-141.	60.	**	0.25 mb

EtaMAID 2001

Aznauryan (DR) 2003

BnGa 2014-02





EtaMAID 2015d-1

EtaMAID 2015d-2

0.4

0.2 [mfm]

0.0

-0.4

-0.6

1.0

0.5

-1.0

1.0

0.5

0.05

-0.5

0.5

[mfm]

\$ -0.5

-I.0

0.2

0.1

-0.1

-0.3

-0.4

0.1

01

-0.2

1.5 1.6 1.7 I.81.9 2.0

1.5 1.6 1.7

[mfm] 0.0

E--0.2

[mfm]

 M_{3-} -0.1

1.5 1.6

1.5 1.6 I.71.8 1.9 2.0

1.5

1.6 1.7 I.8

[mfm]

 M_{I} -0.5

[ufu]

1.5 1.6 1.8 1.9

2.0

1.9 2.0

2.0

1.9 2.0

1.7

W [GeV]

W [GeV]

W [GeV]

1.7 1.8 1.9

W [GeV]

1.8

W [GeV]

W [GeV]

 E_{I^+} -0.2



EtaMAID2015d1 multipoles for eta photoproduction (mfm)





BnGa 2014-02

EtaMAID 2015d-2



only S wave almost agrees, other amplitudes show very large differences



P11- M1- multipole





Summary and Outlook



to update the old EtaMAID model from 2001-2003 with new data we need to increase the N* resonances from originally 7 now up to 23!

the background of Born and vector meson poles is rather small and the whole new structure has to be described with N* resonances this is possible!

on the other hand, the Regge approach that Viktor presented can even describe a lot of structure in the resonance region down to eta threshold, but the Regge region is commonly expected to start around etaprime threshold!

how can we proceed?