

$N \rightarrow \Delta$ transition form factors at the pole in the multi-channel L+P approach

Mainz, Zagreb, Washintgton, Tuzla

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Electromagnetic excitation of nucleon resonances

L. Tiator^{1,a}, D. Drechsel^{1,b}, S.S. Kamalov^{2,c}, and M. Vanderhaeghen^{1,d}

The main motivation for exploring the nucleon transition form factors is to obtain a precise knowledge of the nucleon excitation spectrum, which provides – together with the elastic form factors – a complete description of the nucleon's electromagnetic structure. This structure can be compared with QCD inspired quark models and, in recent years, more and more also with lattice QCD calculations [68–71]. Moreover, the nucleon transition form factors provide an essential input for dispersive calculations of both sum rules and two-photon corrections to electron scattering [72–76].

Review

Electroexcitation of nucleon resonances

I.G. Aznauryan^{a,b}, V.D. Burkert^{a,*}

The electroexcitation of the $\Delta(1232)P_{33}$ resonance has been studied for more than 50 years, but only in the past decade have the experimental tools become available to enable precise measurements in exclusive π^- electroproduction from protons in a large range of photon virtualities Q^2 . The electroexcitation of the $\Delta(1232)P_{33}$ is dominated by the magnetic-dipole $\gamma^*N \rightarrow \Delta(1232)P_{33}$ transition in the entire range $Q^2 < 8 \text{ GeV}^2$, while the electric-quadrupole and scalar-quadrupole amplitudes remain comparatively much smaller. Precise extraction of the corresponding ratios $R_{\text{EM}} \equiv \text{Im } E_{1+}^{3/2} / \text{Im } M_{1+}^{3/2}$ and $R_{\text{SM}} \equiv \text{Im } S_{1+}^{3/2} / \text{Im } M_{1+}^{3/2}$ at the resonance position has been one of the main goals of experiments in the $\Delta(1232)P_{33}$ resonance region. R_{EM} and R_{SM} are of great interest as their magnitude and sign are associated with the quadrupole deformation of the nucleon and the $\Delta(1232)P_{33}$. A thorough discussion of the mechanisms that connect these phenomena can be found in

Extraction of Electromagnetic Transition Form Factors for
Nucleon Resonances within a Dynamical Coupled-Channels
Model

N. Suzuki,^{1,2} T. Sato,^{1,2} and T.-S. H. Lee^{3,2}

The electromagnetic $\gamma^* N \rightarrow N^*$ transition form factors give information on the current and charge distributions of N^* and N . It can be shown [12, 13] that a resonance state $|\psi_{N^*}^R\rangle$ with a complex energy M_R can be defined as an 'eigenstate' of Hamiltonian $H|\psi_{N^*}^R\rangle = M_R|\psi_{N^*}^R\rangle$ with the outgoing boundary condition for its asymptotic wave functions. Therefore the $\gamma^* N \rightarrow N^*$ transition form factor is defined by the current matrix element $\langle \psi_{N^*}^R | J_{em} | N \rangle$ which can be extracted from the residue $R_{\pi N, \gamma^* N}$ of electromagnetic pion production amplitudes at the resonance poles. To extract $R_{\pi N, \gamma^* N}$, we need to

RESONANT CONTRIBUTION

+ BACKGROUND CONTRIBUTION

$$T(W) = \sum_{i=1}^{N_{pole}} \frac{x_i + \imath y_i}{M_i - W - \imath \frac{\Gamma_i}{2}} + \sum_{j=0}^{N_1} a_j z_1(W)^j + \sum_{j=0}^{N_2} b_j z_2(W)^j + \sum_{j=0}^{N_3} c_j z_3(W)^j$$

$$\mathcal{P} = \lambda_a \sum_m a_m^2 m^3 + \lambda_b \sum_m b_m^2 m^3 + \lambda_c \sum_m c_m^2 m^3$$

Resonant part

$$T(W) = \sum_{i=1}^{N_{pole}} \frac{x_i + i y_i}{M_i - W - i \frac{\Gamma_i}{2}} + \sum_{j=0}^{N_1} a_j z_1(W)^j + \sum_{j=0}^{N_2} b_j z_2(W)^j + \sum_{j=0}^{N_3} c_j z_3(W)^j$$

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Resonant part

Background part

$$T(W) = \sum_{i=1}^{N_{pole}} \frac{x_i + i y_i}{M_i - W - i \frac{\Gamma_i}{2}} + \sum_{j=0}^{N_1} a_j z_1(W)^j + \sum_{j=0}^{N_2} b_j z_2(W)^j + \sum_{j=0}^{N_3} c_j z_3(W)^j$$

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Background part

$$\mathcal{P} = \lambda_a \sum_m a_m^2 m^3 + \lambda_b \sum_m b_m^2 m^3 + \lambda_c \sum_m c_m^2 m^3$$

Resonant part

$$T(W) = \sum_{i=1}^{N_{pole}} \frac{x_i + i y_i}{M_i - W - i \frac{\Gamma_i}{2}}$$

Background part

$$+ \sum_{j=0}^{N_1} a_j z_1(W)^j + \sum_{j=0}^{N_2} b_j z_2(W)^j + \sum_{j=0}^{N_3} c_j z_3(W)^j$$

Penalty

$$\rightarrow \mathcal{P} = \lambda_a \sum_m a_m^2 m^3 + \lambda_b \sum_m b_m^2 m^3 + \lambda_c \sum_m c_m^2 m^3$$

$$T(W) = \sum_{i=1}^{N_{pole}} \frac{x_i + \imath y_i}{M_i - W - \imath \frac{\Gamma_i}{2}} + \sum_{j=0}^{N_1} a_j z_1(W)^j + \sum_{j=0}^{N_2} b_j z_2(W)^j + \sum_{j=0}^{N_3} c_j z_3(W)^j$$

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$$\mathcal{P} = \lambda_a \sum_m a_m^2 m^3 + \lambda_b \sum_m b_m^2 m^3 + \lambda_c \sum_m c_m^2 m^3$$

$$T(W) = \sum_{i=1}^{N_{pole}} \frac{x_i + i y_i}{M_i - W - i \frac{\Gamma_i}{2}} + \sum_{j=0}^{N_1} [a_j] z_1(W)^j + \sum_{j=0}^{N_2} [b_j] z_2(W)^j + \sum_{j=0}^{N_3} [c_j] z_3(W)^j$$

$$\mathcal{P} = \lambda_a \sum_m a_m^2 m^3 + \lambda_b \sum_m b_m^2 m^3 + \lambda_c \sum_m c_m^2 m^3$$

$$z(W) = \frac{\alpha - \sqrt{\boxed{\text{BP}} - W}}{\alpha + \sqrt{\boxed{\text{BP}} - W}}$$

$$z(W) = \frac{\alpha - \sqrt{(X + i Y) - W}}{\alpha + \sqrt{(X + i Y) - W}}$$

Multipole

Multipole

Residue

Multipole

Residue

Pole

Multipole

Residue

Pole

BP 1 2 3

Multipole

Residue

Pole

BP 1 2 3

Parameters

E

Residue(E)

Pole(E)

BP 1 2 3 (E)

Parameters(E)

M

Residue(M)

Pole(M)

BP 1 2 3 (M)

Parameters(M)

S

Residue(S)

Pole(S)

BP 1 2 3 (S)

Parameters(S)

E

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Pole

BP 1 2 3

Parameters(E)

M

Residue(M)

Pole

BP 1 2 3

Parameters(M)

S

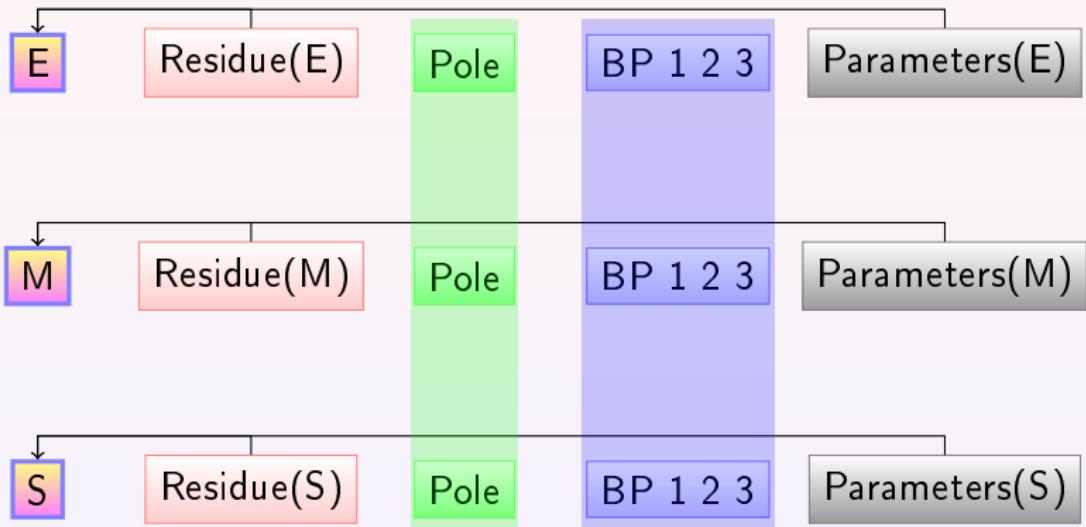
Residue(S)

Pole

BP 1 2 3

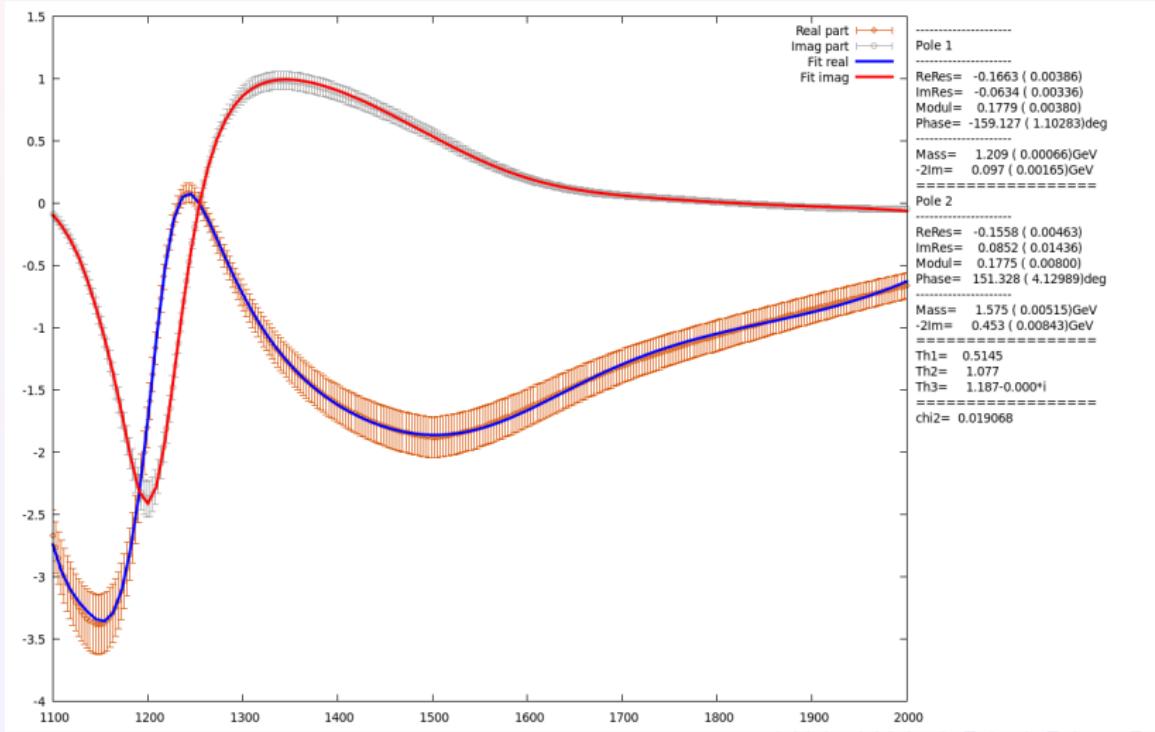
Parameters(S)





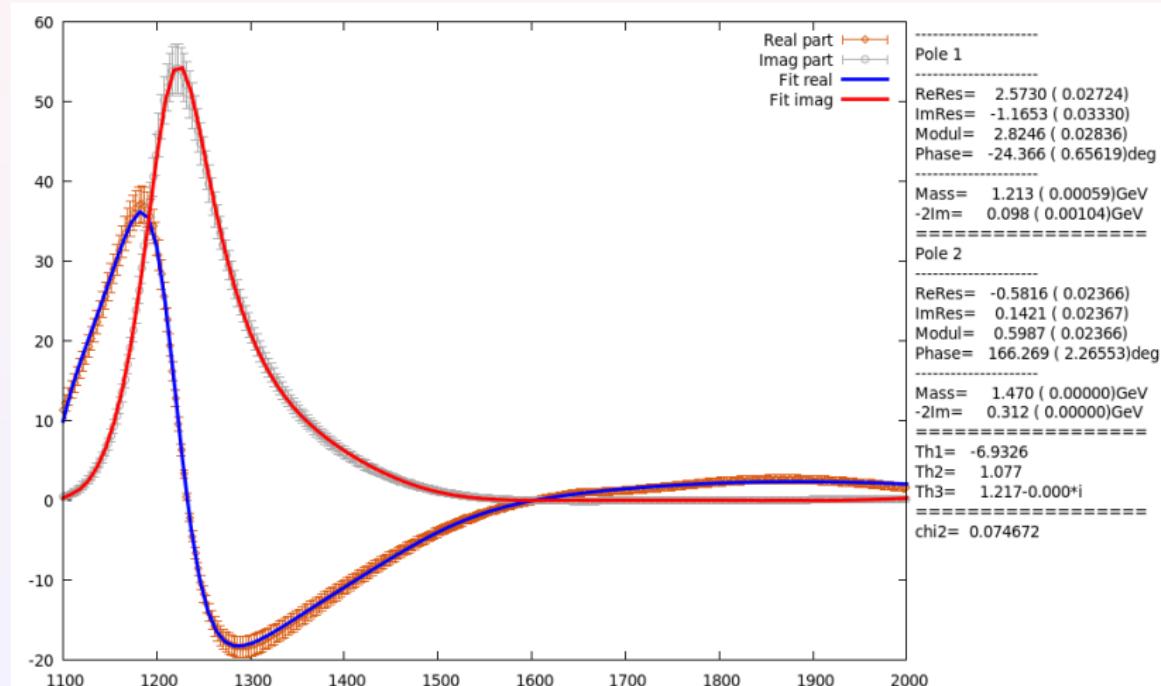
- MAID & SAID
- $P33\ E_{1+}, M_{1+}, S_{1+}$
- $Q^2 = 0, 0.1, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$
- Single multipole fit
- Simultaneous multipole fit

Single multipole fit MAID2007, P_{33} (E_{1+}), $Q^2 = 0$



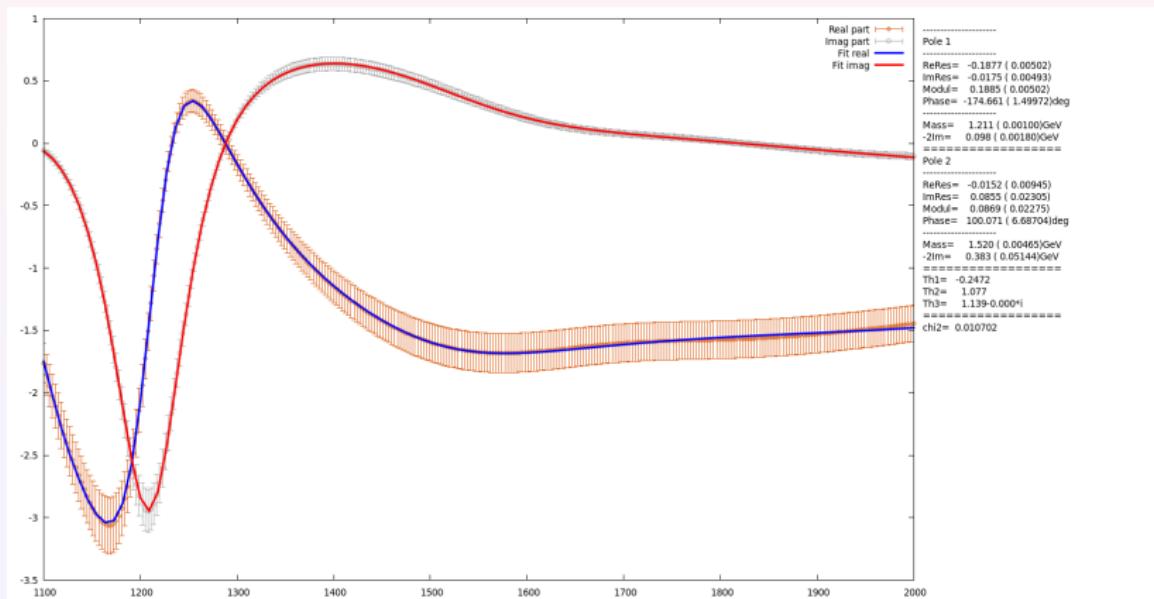
Single multipole fit

MAID2007, P_{33} (M_{1+}), $Q^2 = 0$



Single multipole fit

MAID2007, P_{33} (S_{1+}), $Q^2 = 0$



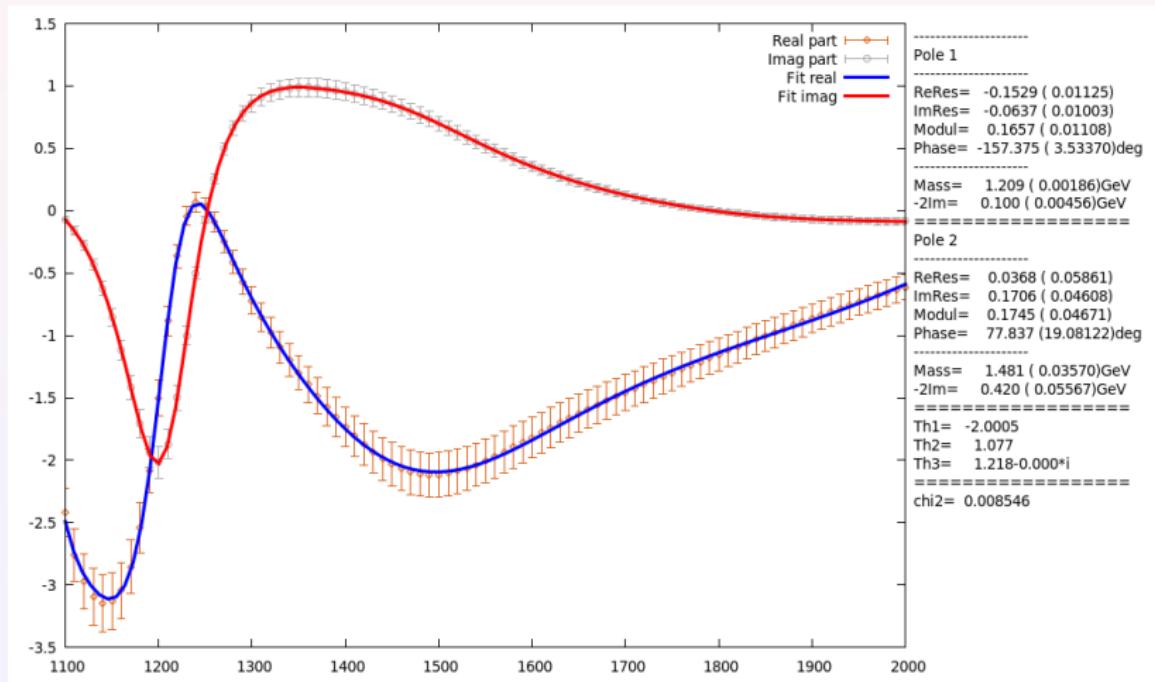
Single multipole fit

TABLE II. Pole positions in MeV and residues of four dominant isospin 3/2 multipoles as moduli in $\text{fm} \cdot \text{GeV}$ and phases in degrees for real branch points. The results from L+P expansion are given for GWU/SAID and MAID energy-dependent (ED) and single-energy (SE) solutions. Empty lines indicate that a resonance pole could not be found with a significant statistical weight.

Multipole	Source	Resonance	$\text{Re } W_p$	$-2\text{Im } W_p$	$ \text{residue} $	θ
$P_{33}(E_{1+})$	SAID ED	$\Delta(1232) \ 3/2^+$	$1211 \pm 0.5 \pm 1$	$101 \pm 1 \pm 0$	$0.183 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.001$	$-(154 \pm 1 \pm 1)^\circ$
	MAID ED		$1211 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.99 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$	$0.184 \pm 0.002 \pm 0.003$	$-(155 \pm 1 \pm 1)^\circ$	
	MAID SE		$1215 \pm 0 \pm 4$	$87 \pm 0 \pm 1$	$0.154 \pm 0.001 \pm 0.010$	$-(155 \pm 0 \pm 8)^\circ$
	SAID SE		$1220 \pm 1 \pm 1$	$85 \pm 1 \pm 2$	$0.146 \pm 0.002 \pm 0.002$	$-(143 \pm 1 \pm 1)^\circ$
	SAID ED	$\Delta(1600) \ 3/2^+$	$1470 \pm 16 \pm 15$	$396 \pm 34 \pm 17$	$0.127 \pm 0.099 \pm 0.014$	$+(109 \pm 5 \pm 15)^\circ$
	MAID ED		$1550 \pm 7 \pm 4$	$347 \pm 12 \pm 29$	$0.087 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.019$	$+(127 \pm 5 \pm 4)^\circ$
	MAID SE		-	-	-	-
	SAID SE		-	-	-	-
$P_{33}(M_{1+})$	SAID ED	$\Delta(1232) \ 3/2^+$	$1211 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$	$101 \pm 1 \pm 1$	$2.974 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.028$	$-(26 \pm 1 \pm 1)^\circ$
	MAID ED		$1209 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$	$99 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$	$2.963 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.040$	$-(31 \pm 1 \pm 1)^\circ$
	MAID SE		$1210 \pm 0 \pm 1$	$100 \pm 0 \pm 1$	$3.010 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.020$	$-(30 \pm 0 \pm 1)^\circ$
	SAID SE		$1211 \pm 0 \pm 0.5$	$101 \pm 0 \pm 1$	$3.008 \pm 0.002 \pm 0.033$	$-(27 \pm 0 \pm 1)^\circ$
	SAID ED	$\Delta(1600) \ 3/2^+$	$1522 \pm 12 \pm 7$	$409 \pm 24 \pm 11$	$1.195 \pm 0.100 \pm 0.104$	$-(132 \pm 2 \pm 6)^\circ$
	MAID ED		$1498 \pm 10 \pm 22$	$326 \pm 20 \pm 20$	$0.499 \pm 0.005 \pm 109$	$-(149 \pm 1 \pm 20)^\circ$
	MAID SE		-	-	-	-
	SAID SE		$1512 \pm 3 \pm 14$	$408 \pm 5 \pm 39$	$1.173 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.205$	$-(144 \pm 1 \pm 9)^\circ$

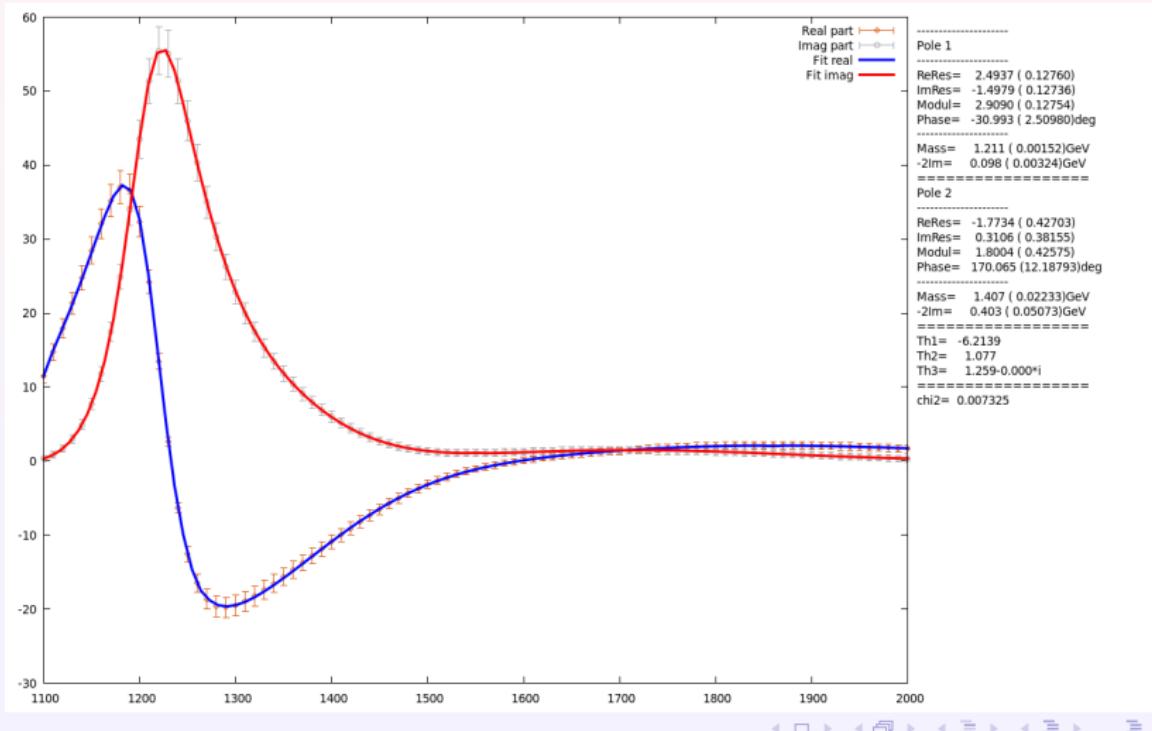
Single multipole fit

SAID, P_{33} (E_{1+}), $Q^2 = 0$



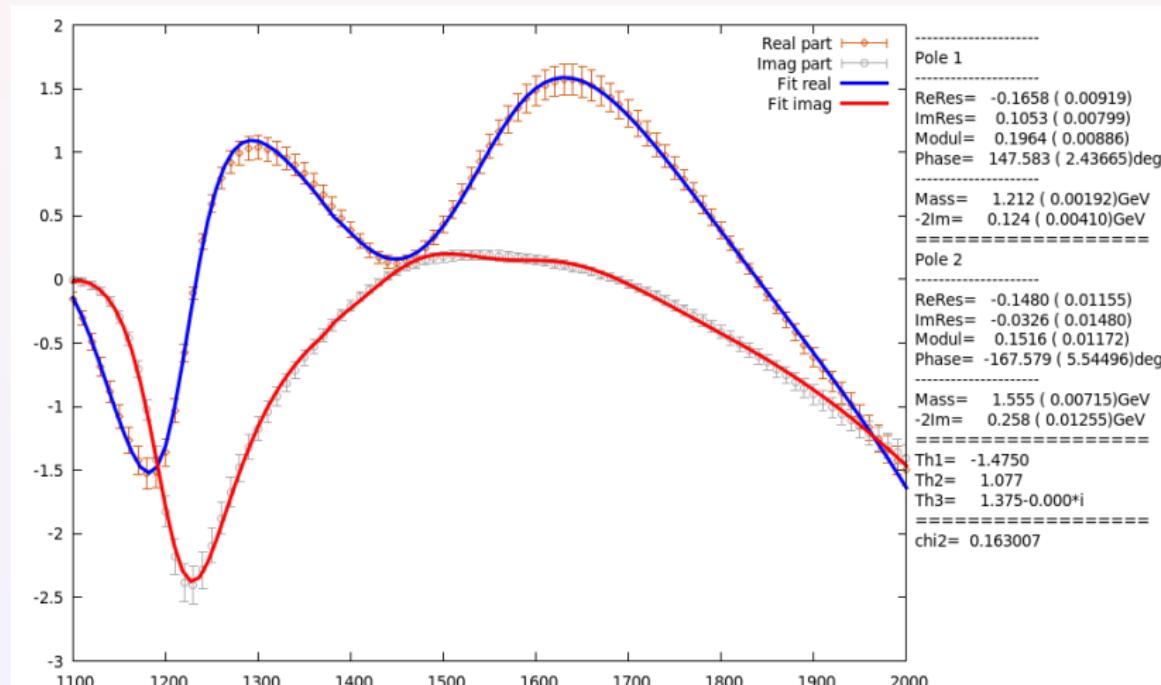
Single multipole fit

SAID, P_{33} (M_{1+}), $Q^2 = 0$



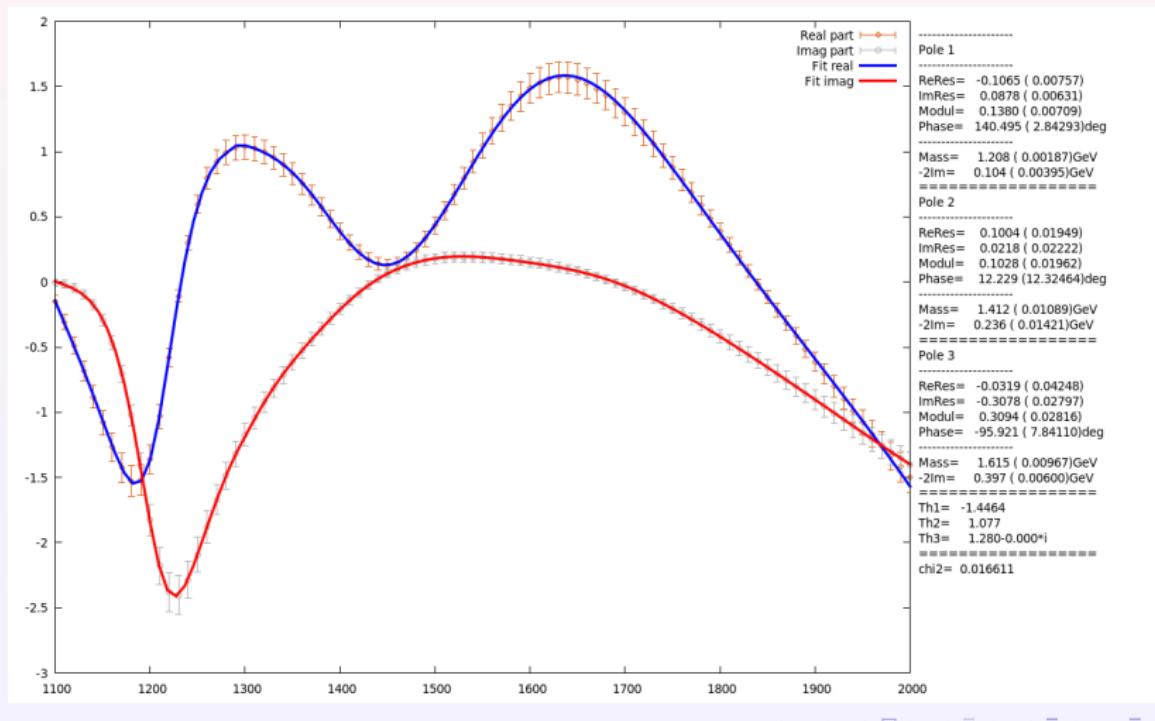
Single multipole fit

SAID, P_{33} (S_{1+}), $Q^2 = 0$



Single multipole fit

SAID, P_{33} (S_{1+}), $Q^2 = 0$

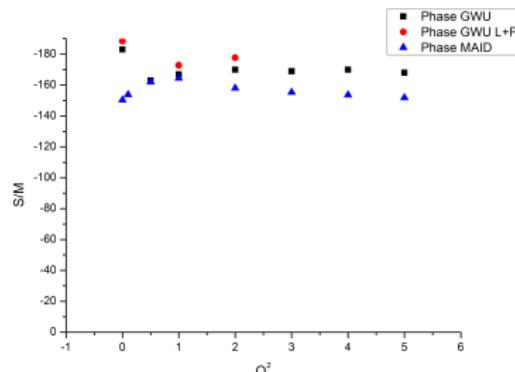
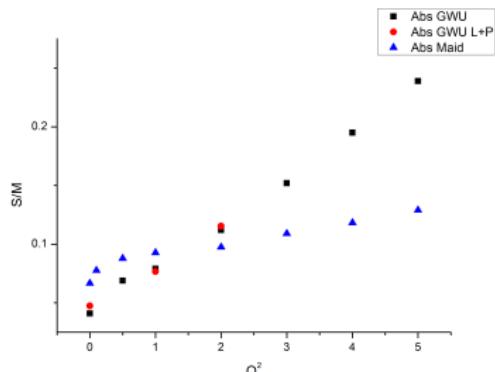
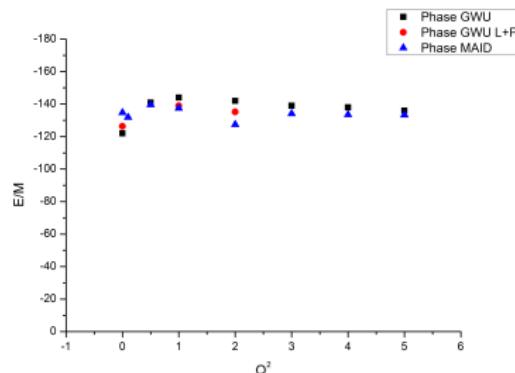
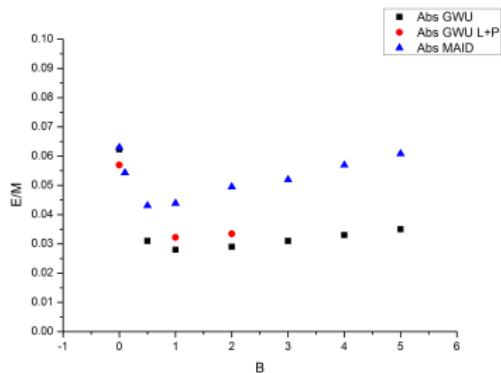


Single multipole fit

TABLE II. Pole positions in MeV and residues of four dominant isospin 3/2 multipoles as moduli in $mfm \cdot GeV$ and phases in degrees for real branch points. The results from L+P expansion are given for GWU/SAID and MAID energy-dependent (ED) and single-energy (SE) solutions. Empty lines indicate that a resonance pole could not be found with a significant statistical weight.

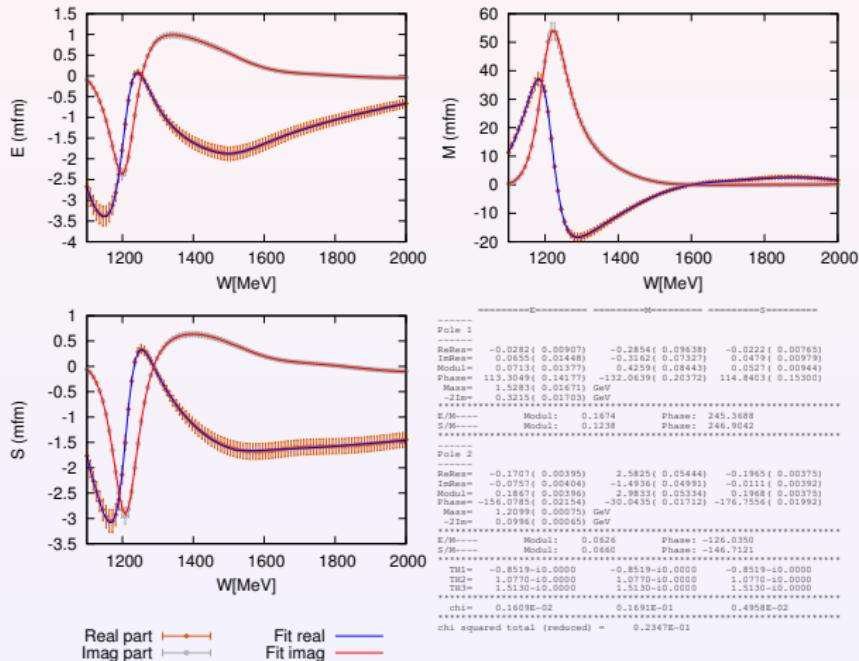
Multipole	Source	Resonance	$Re W_p$	$-2Im W_p$	residue	θ
$P_{33}(E_{1+})$	SAID ED	$\Delta(1232) \ 3/2^+$	$1211 \pm 0.5 \pm 1$	$101 \pm 1 \pm 0$	$0.183 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.001$	$-(154 \pm 1 \pm 1)^\circ$
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	MAID SE		-	-	-	-
	SAID SE		-	-	-	-
$P_{33}(M_{1+})$	SAID ED	$\Delta(1232) \ 3/2^+$	$1211 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$	$101 \pm 1 \pm 1$	$2.974 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.028$	$-(26 \pm 1 \pm 1)^\circ$
	MAID ED		$1209 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$	$99 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$	$2.963 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.040$	$-(31 \pm 1 \pm 1)^\circ$
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	MAID SE		-	-	-	-
	SAID SE		$1512 \pm 3 \pm 14$	$408 \pm 5 \pm 39$	$1.173 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.205$	$-(144 \pm 1 \pm 9)^\circ$

Single multipole fit



Simultaneous multipole fit

MAID2007, P_{33} - E_{1+} & M_{1+} & S_{1+} , $Q^2 = 0$



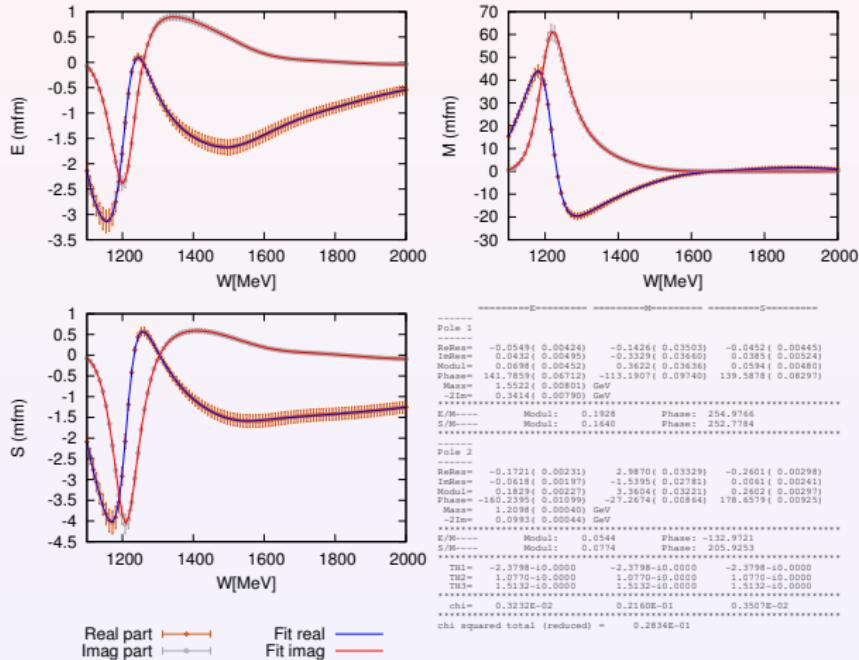
Simultaneous multipole fit

TABLE II. Pole positions in MeV and residues of four dominant isospin 3/2 multipoles as moduli in $\text{fm} \cdot \text{GeV}$ and phases in degrees for real branch points. The results from L+P expansion are given for GWU/SAID and MAID energy-dependent (ED) and single-energy (SE) solutions. Empty lines indicate that a resonance pole could not be found with a significant statistical weight.

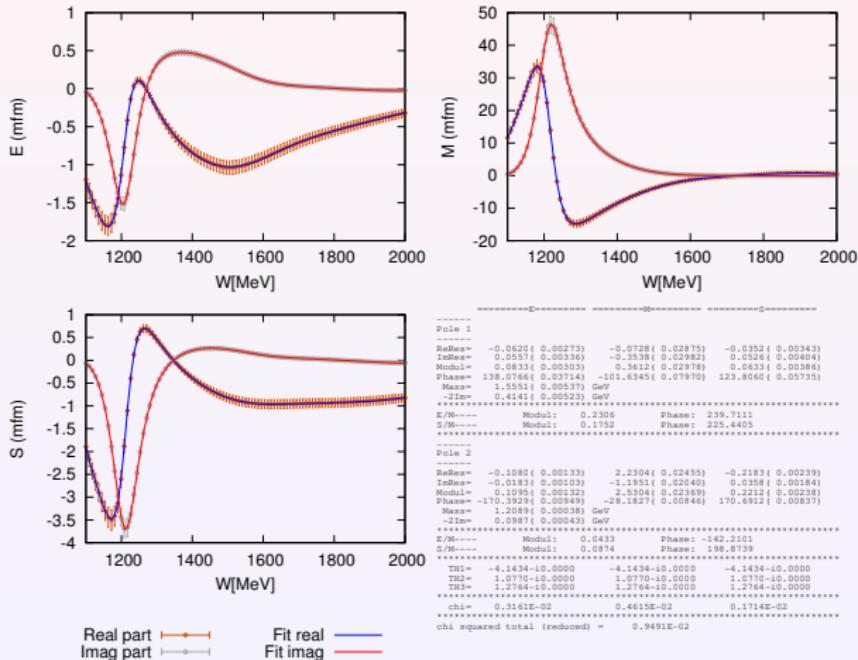
Multipole	Source	Resonance	$\text{Re } W_p$	$-2\text{Im } W_p$	$ \text{residue} $	θ
$P_{33}(E_+)$	SAID ED	$\Delta(1232) \ 3/2^+$	$1211 \pm 0.5 \pm 1$	$101 \pm 1 \pm 0$	$0.183 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.001$	$-(154 \pm 1 \pm 1)^\circ$
	MAID ED		$1211 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$	$99 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$	$0.184 \pm 0.002 \pm 0.003$	$-(155 \pm 1 \pm 1)^\circ$
	MAID SE		$1215 \pm 0 \pm 4$	$87 \pm 0 \pm 1$	$0.154 \pm 0.001 \pm 0.010$	$-(155 \pm 0 \pm 8)^\circ$
	SAID SE		$1220 \pm 1 \pm 1$	$85 \pm 1 \pm 2$	$0.146 \pm 0.002 \pm 0.002$	$-(143 \pm 1 \pm 1)^\circ$
	SAID ED	$\Delta(1600) \ 3/2^+$	$1470 \pm 16 \pm 15$	$396 \pm 34 \pm 17$	$0.127 \pm 0.099 \pm 0.014$	$+(109 \pm 5 \pm 15)^\circ$
	MAID ED		$1550 \pm 7 \pm 4$	$347 \pm 12 \pm 29$	$0.087 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.019$	$+(127 \pm 5 \pm 4)^\circ$
	MAID SE		-	-	-	-
	SAID SE		-	-	-	-
$P_{33}(M_+)$	SAID ED	$\Delta(1232) \ 3/2^+$	$1211 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$	$101 \pm 1 \pm 1$	$2.974 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.028$	$-(26 \pm 1 \pm 1)^\circ$
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	MAID SE		-	-	-	-
	SAID SE		$1512 \pm 3 \pm 14$	$408 \pm 5 \pm 39$	$1.173 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.205$	$-(144 \pm 1 \pm 9)^\circ$

Simultaneous multipole fit

MAID2007, P_{33} - E_{1+} & M_{1+} & S_{1+} , $Q^2 = 0.1$

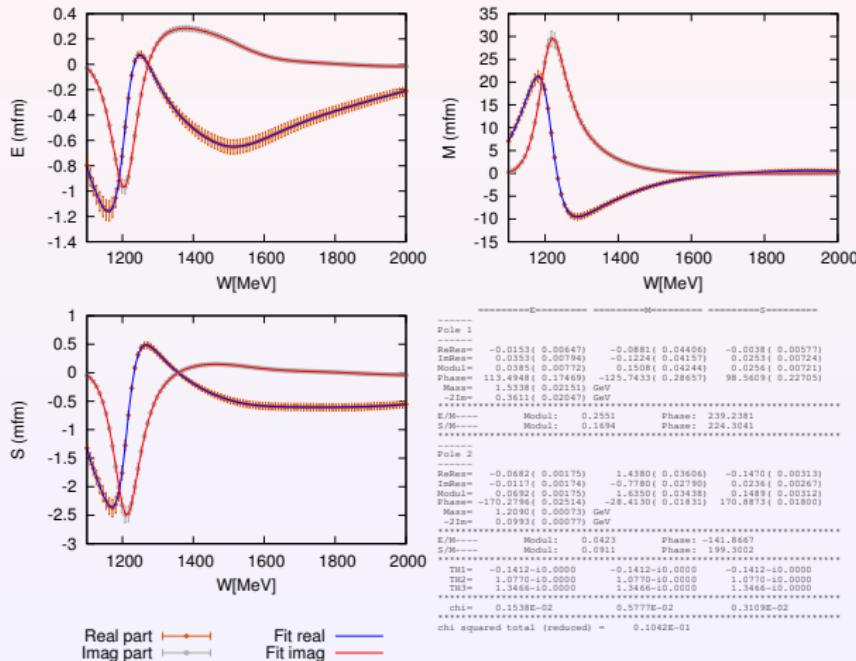


Simultaneous multipole fit MAID2007, P_{33} - E_{1+} & M_{1+} & S_{1+} , $Q^2 = 0.5$



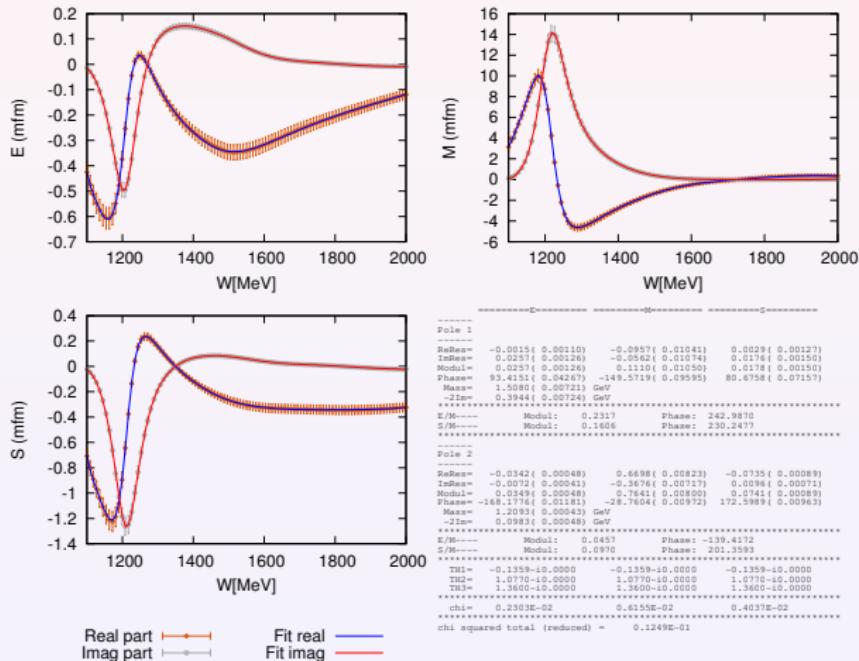
Simultaneous multipole fit

MAID2007, P_{33} - E_{1+} & M_{1+} & S_{1+} , $Q^2 = 1$



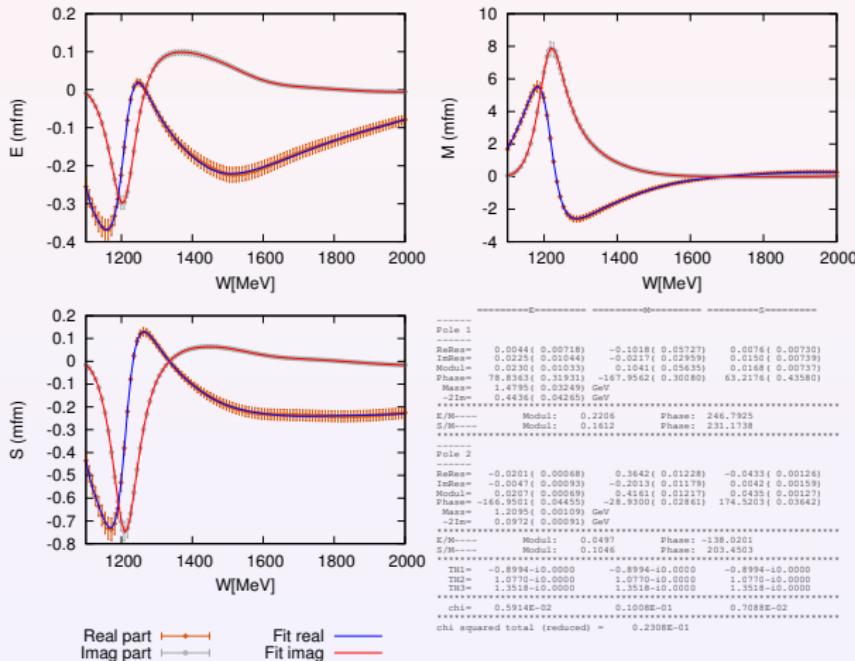
Simultaneous multipole fit

MAID2007, P_{33} - E_{1+} & M_{1+} & S_{1+} , $Q^2 = 2$



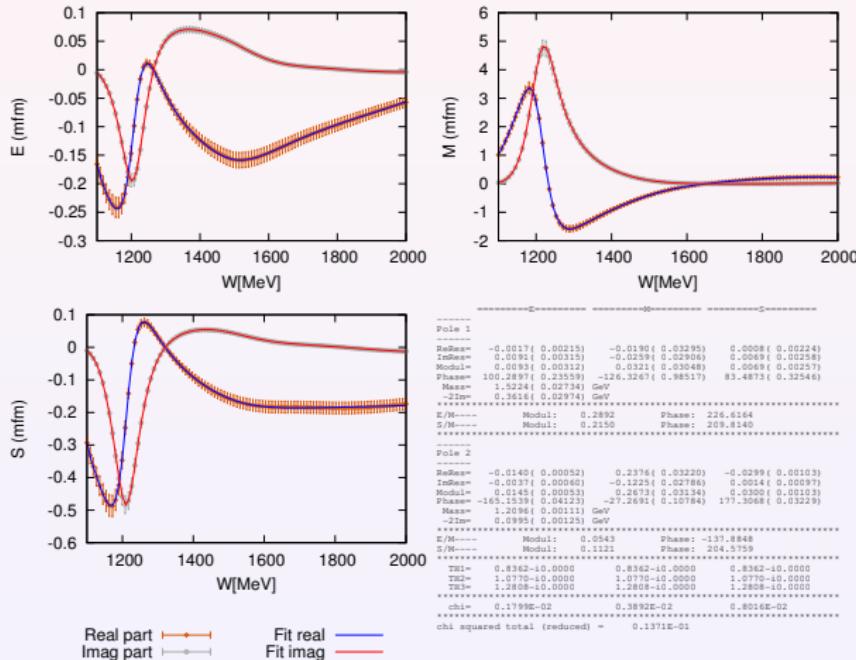
Simultaneous multipole fit

MAID2007, P_{33} - E_{1+} & M_{1+} & S_{1+} , $Q^2 = 3$

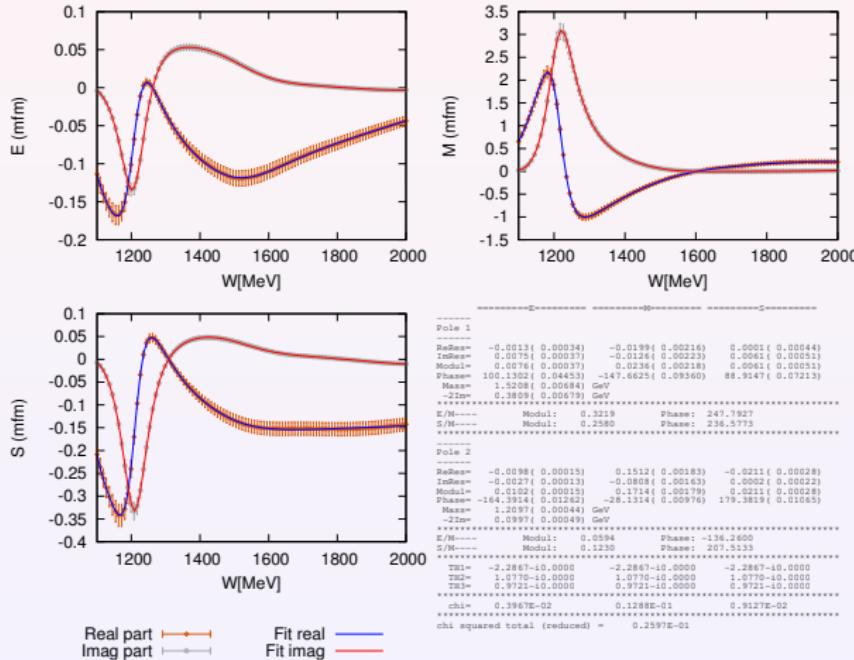


Simultaneous multipole fit

MAID2007, P_{33} - E_{1+} & M_{1+} & S_{1+} , $Q^2 = 4$

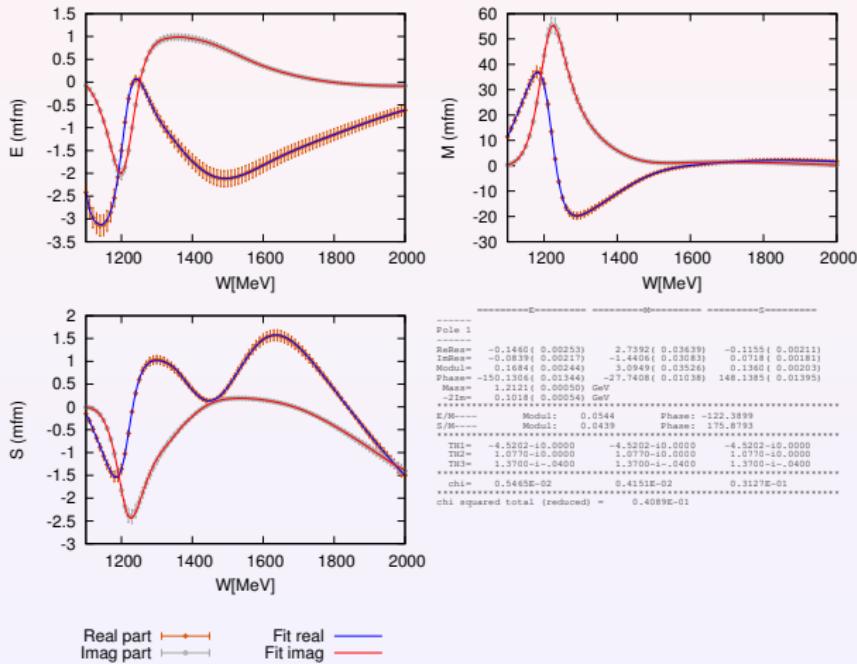


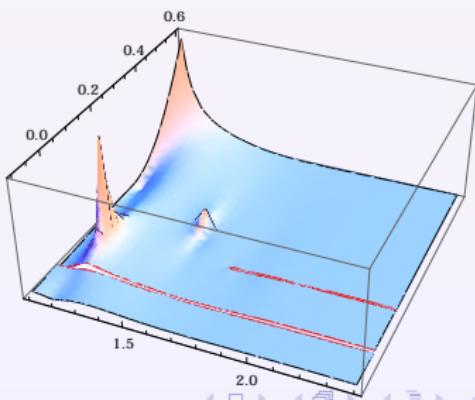
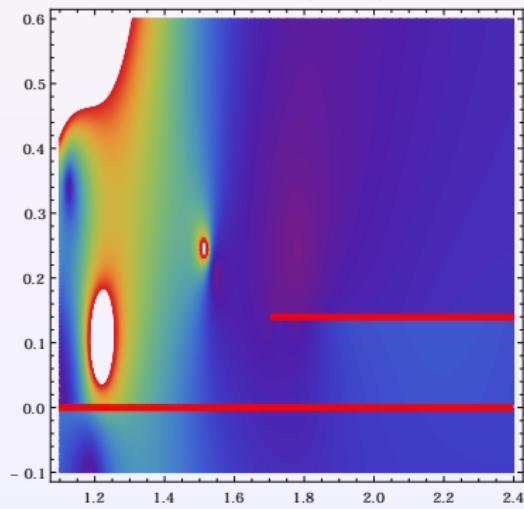
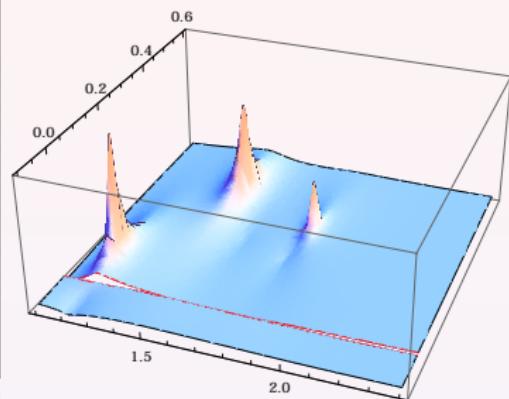
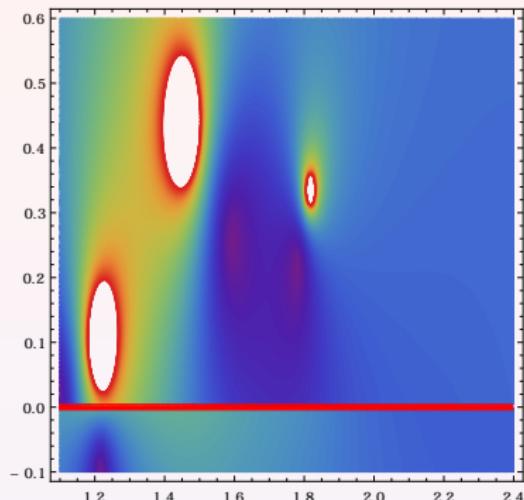
Simultaneous multipole fit

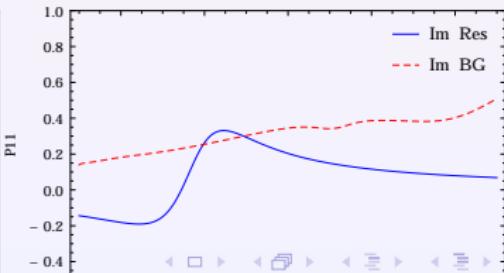
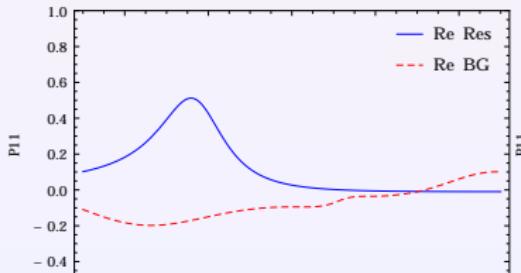
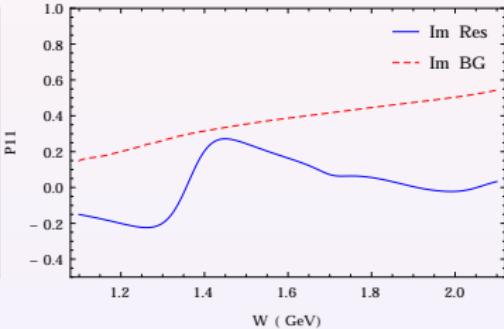
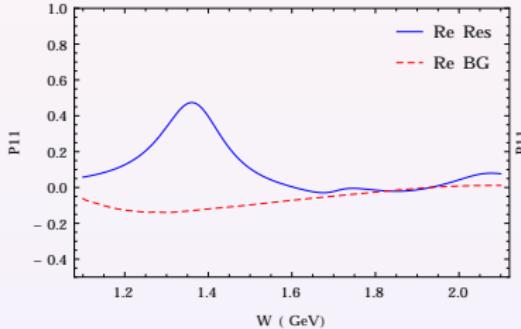
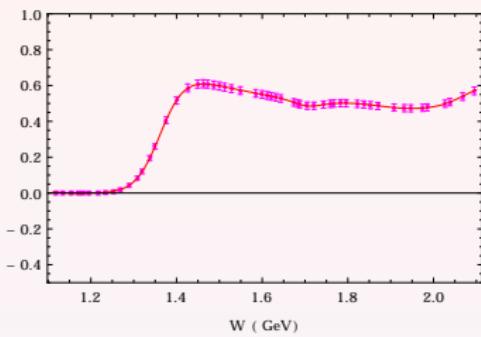
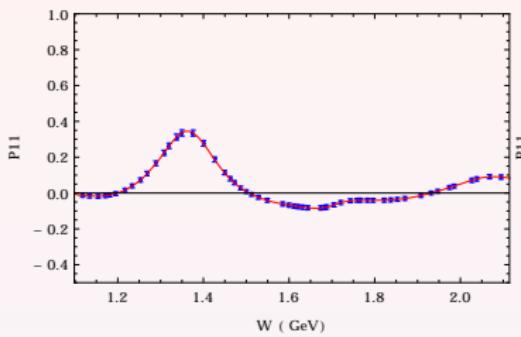
MAID2007, P_{33} - E_{1+} & M_{1+} & S_{1+} , $Q^2 = 5$ 

Simultaneous multipole fit

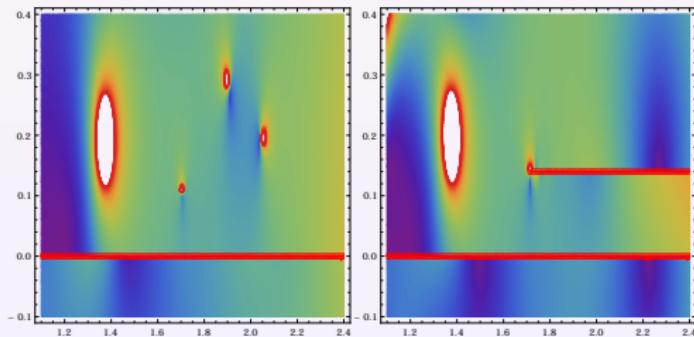
SAID, $P_{33} - E_{1+}$ & M_{1+} & S_{1+} , $Q^2 = 0$





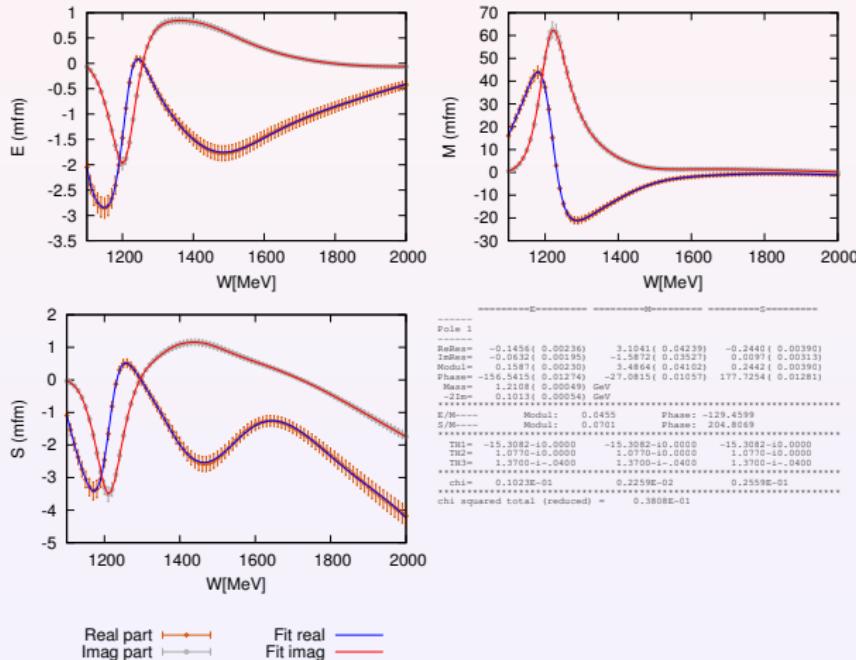


BP			$\text{Re } W_p$	$-2\text{Im } W_p$	residue	θ	χ^2
-95213	1077	1266	1366 ± 4	188 ± 9	47 ± 3	-84 ± 3	0,003
			1704 ± 18	110 ± 35	3 ± 1	172 ± 32	
			1898 ± 85	289 ± 87	8 ± 9	136 ± 65	
			2053 ± 41	195 ± 94	7 ± 7	-114 ± 40	
861	1077	$1708 - 0,07i$	1372 ± 2	195 ± 5	51 ± 2	-74 ± 2	0,005

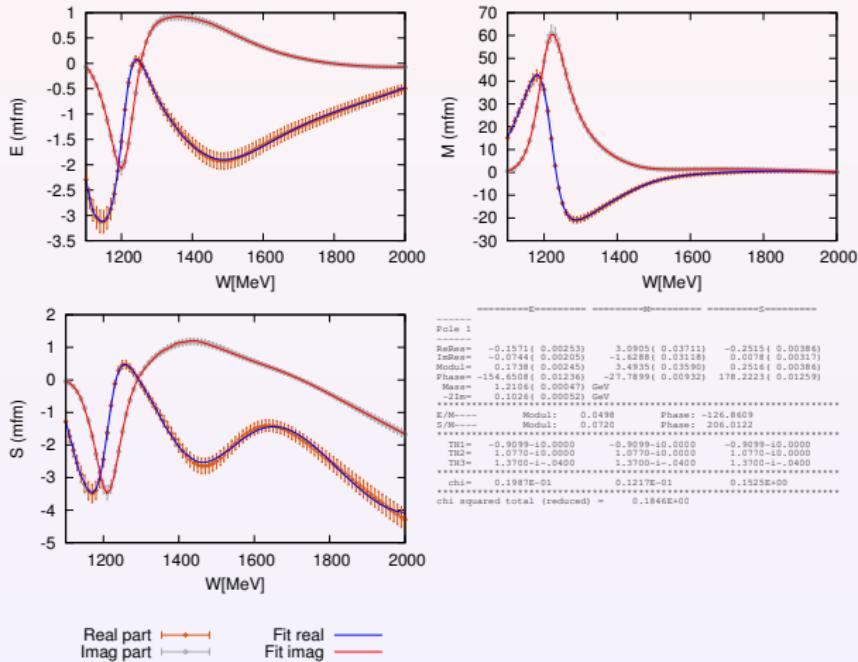


Simultaneous multipole fit

SAID, P_{33} - E_{1+} & M_{1+} & S_{1+} , $Q^2 = 0.1$

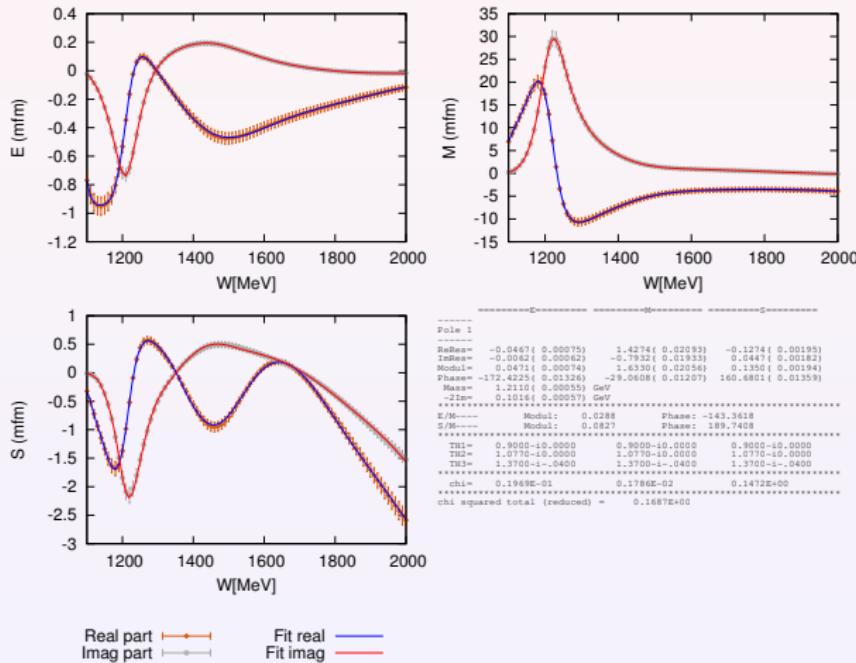


Simultaneous multipole fit SAID, $P_{33} - E_{1+}$ & M_{1+} & S_{1+} , $Q^2 = 0.5$



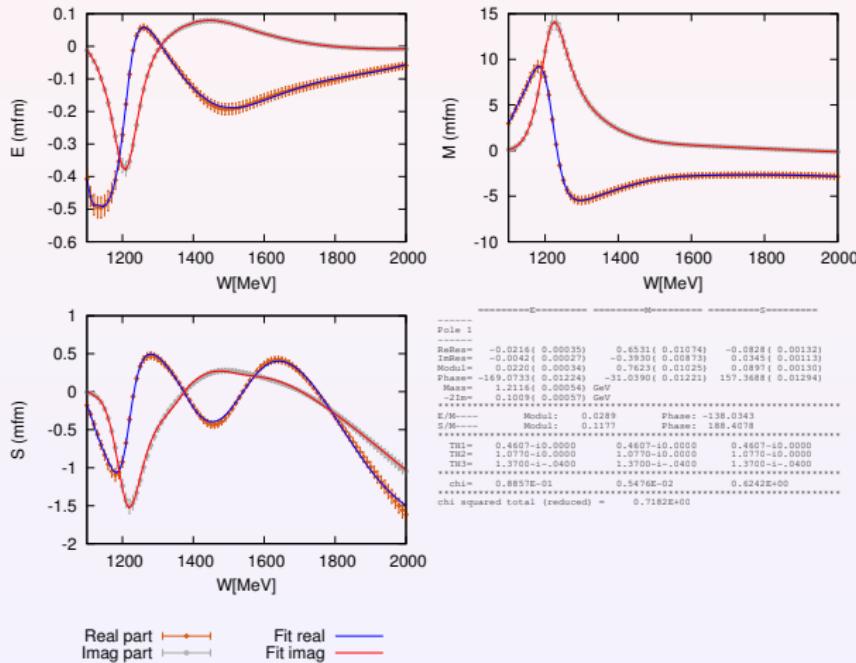
Simultaneous multipole fit

SAID, P_{33} - E_{1+} & M_{1+} & S_{1+} , $Q^2 = 1$



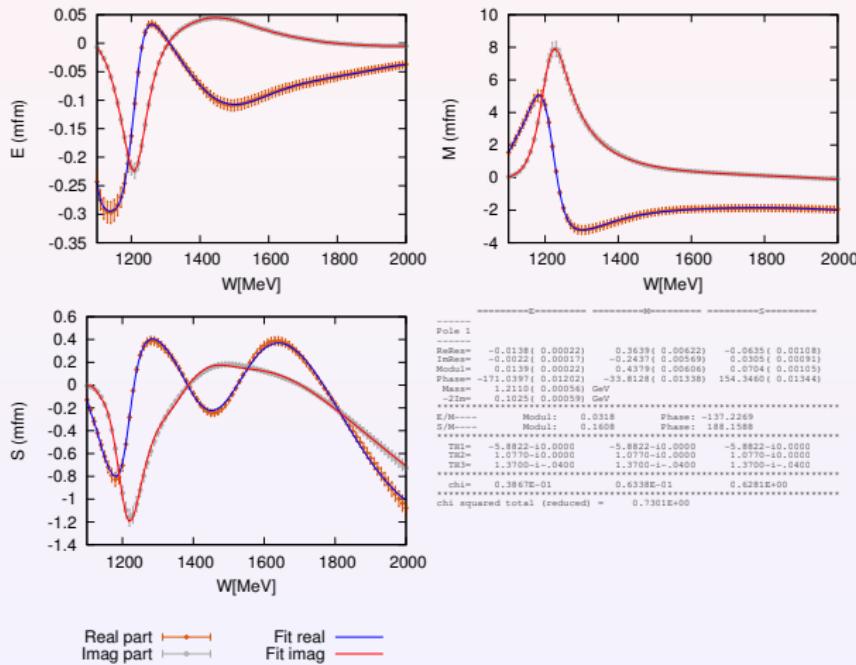
Simultaneous multipole fit

SAID, P_{33} - E_{1+} & M_{1+} & S_{1+} , $Q^2 = 2$



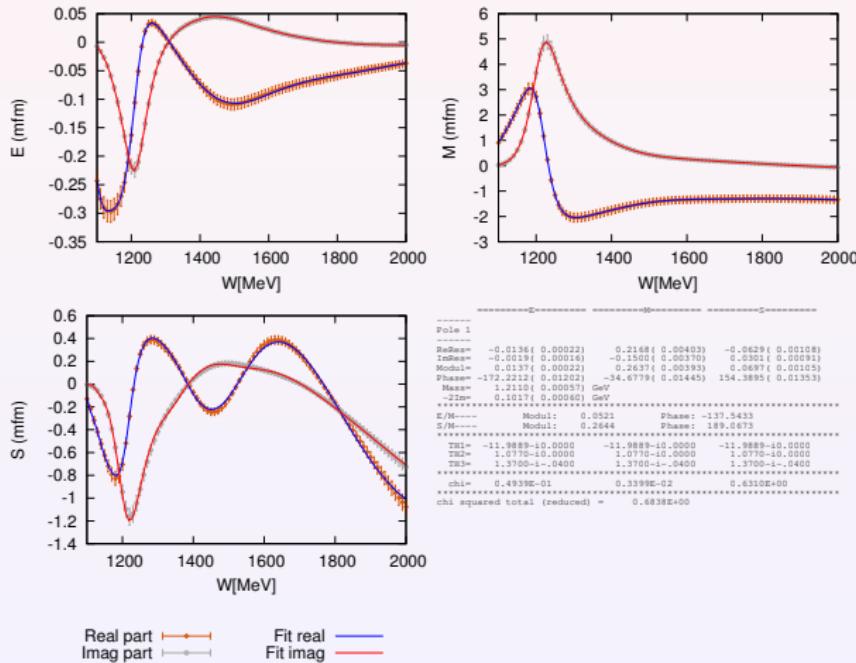
Simultaneous multipole fit

SAID, P_{33} - E_{1+} & M_{1+} & S_{1+} , $Q^2 = 3$



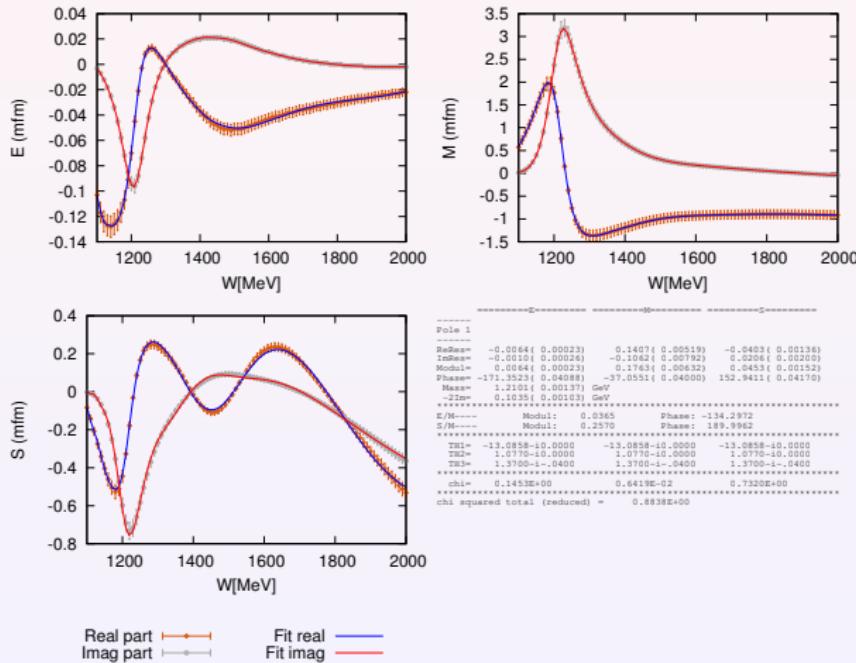
Simultaneous multipole fit

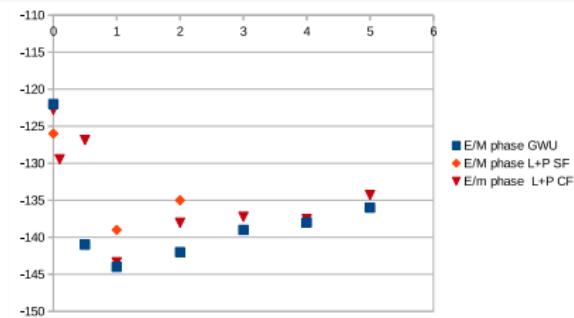
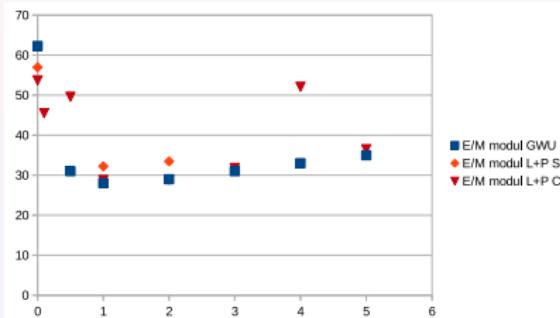
SAID, P_{33} - E_{1+} & M_{1+} & S_{1+} , $Q^2 = 4$



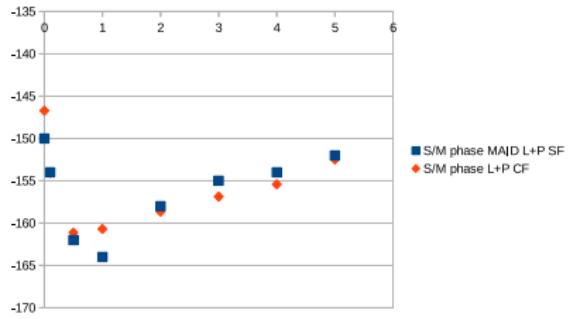
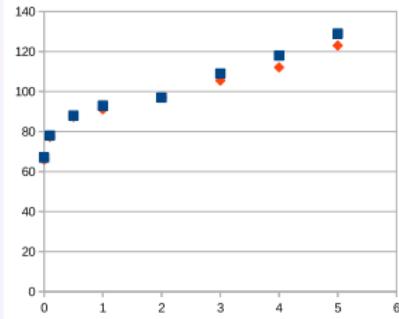
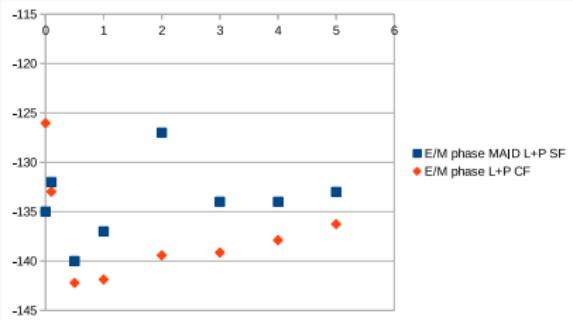
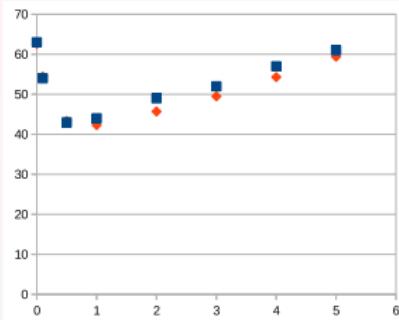
Simultaneous multipole fit

SAID, P_{33} - E_{1+} & M_{1+} & S_{1+} , $Q^2 = 5$





MAID



GWU & MAID

