

My first look on charm-events

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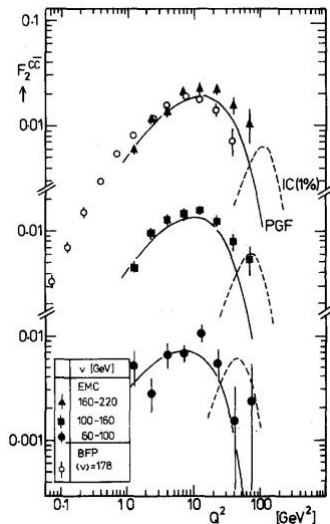
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- 1 Charm contribution to F_2
- 2 Analysis of $D^* \rightarrow K\pi\pi$ channels
- 3 Kinematic distribution

Aim of the Diploma thesis

- Measured by EMC:
 - Nuclear Physics B 213 (1983)
 - Nuclear Physics B 461 (1996)
- Channel used: $D \rightarrow K^{(*)} \mu \nu_\mu$
- Diploma thesis: look on F_2^c with D^* events
- Using Sasha Zvyagins selected data for 2004 (plus eventually 2006)



- Data selection

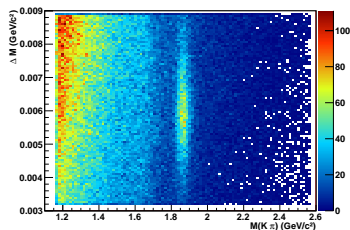
- Events with primary vertex
- ≥ 3 additional hadron tracks
- PID & momentum cuts
- $3.2 < |\Delta M| < 8.9$ MeV

$$\Delta M = m(K, \pi, \pi) - m(K, \pi) - m(\pi)$$

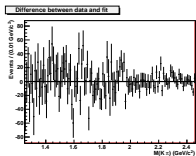
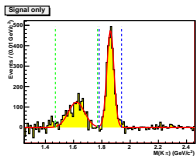
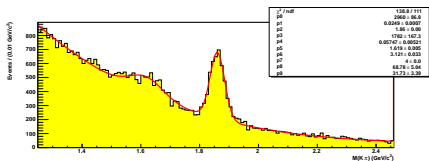
- target cut

- Background suppression

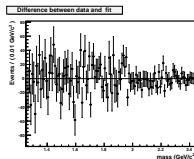
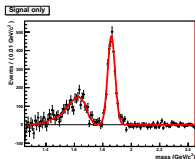
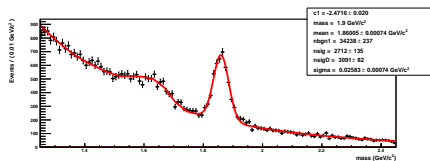
- $z = \frac{E(D^0)}{\nu} > 0.2$
- $|\cos(\theta_K)| < 0.9$



Polynomial Background



Exponential Background



Background:

- $e^{c_1 \cdot x} + c_2$
- $(x - c_1)^{c_2} + c_3$

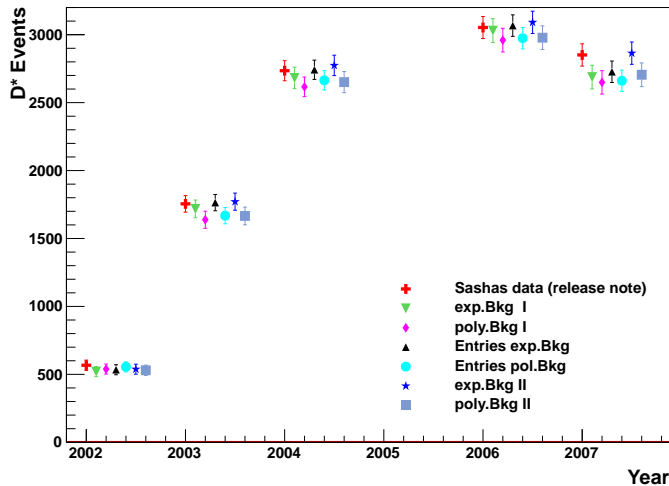
Signal:

- $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$

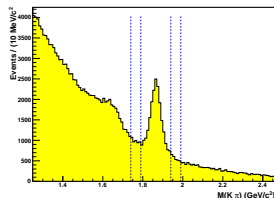
Missing π^0 -Peak:

- $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$
- Function, describing the shape

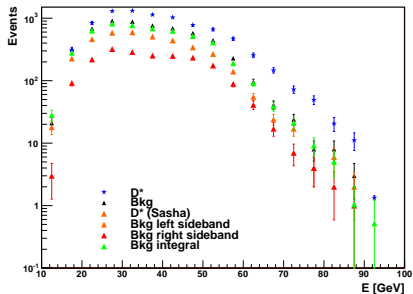
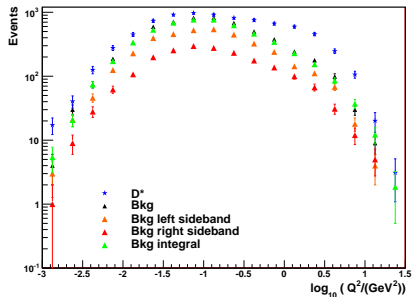
Comparison of different models



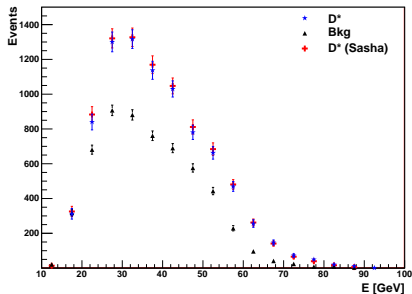
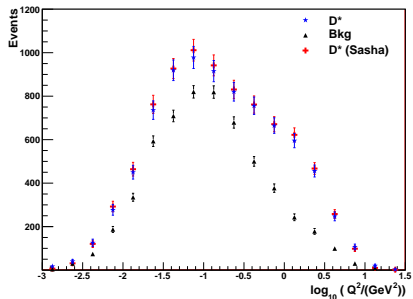
- Data from 2002 - 2006
- No acceptance correction
- Number of D^* -events obtained from fit
- Background
 - Sideband
 - Integration of the function, describing the background



Kinematic distribution



Kinematic distribution



- Continue following the charm paper
 - Determine the acceptance for D-mesons
 - Determine the Semi-inclusive differential cross section
- Finally: Determine F_2^C