

# *The Jen Cluster*

## comparative analysis of wordlists

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# Jen cluster: varieties

- **Burak**
- **Loo** of Galdemaru and Waamura
- **Maghdi** (Tala)
- **Mak** (LeeMak) of Panya and Zoo
- **Kyāk** (Bambuka)
- **Moo** (Gomu)
- **LeeLau** (Munga LeeLau)
- **Munga Doso**
- **Dza** (Jenjo) and Joole
- **Tha** (Joole Manga)

Recurring components of autonyms:

- **Munga/Manga** [mɪŋ-gā] ‘river’ (*lit.* ‘big water’)
- **Lee** [le] ‘they/PL’

# Jen cluster: general background

- Location: southern Muri Mountains between the Taraba/Gombe State border and the Benue river
- Classification: Adamawa-Gur
- Neighbouring languages:
  - E: (Adamawa) Dadiya, Bangwinji, Tso, Kwa
  - N&W: (West Chadic) Tangale, Pero, Kushi, Kholok, Nyam
  - SW: (Jarawan Bantoid) Kulung
  - S: (Jukunoid) Shoo-Minda-Nye, Jiba
  - S: (Central Sudanic) Laka

# Jen cluster: sources used

- Kleinewillinghoefer (1995/2015) comparative 100 word list
- Swadesh list
- used for
  - lexicostatistical analysis of the closeness of the varieties
- Othaniel (2017) BA thesis & comparative 300 word list
- transcribed by a literate & linguistically trained Dza speaker
- used for
  - finding sound correspondences across the cluster

# Jen cluster lexicostatistics

## (a. colour-graded green>yellow>red)

WordSurv 7 (C:\Users\Russell\Languages of Nigeria\Adamawa\Jen cluster\Jen cluster.wsv)

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Comparison  
Jen cluster Grid Display  
 Tally /  Total =  Percent

	BU Burak	LOg Loo	LOw Loo	MA Maghdi	LMp Lee Mak	LMz Lee Mak	KY Kyak	MO Moo	LE LeeLau	THA Tha (Joole Manga)	MIN Munga Doso	DZA Dza	JOL Joole
► BU Burak	100	92	88	79	71	72	52	52	50	53	48	47	46
LOg Loo	92	100	95	76	72	71	52	49	48	52	48	48	48
LOw Loo	88	95	100	76	71	71	53	51	50	51	48	50	50
MA Maghdi	79	76	76	100	83	83	61	58	57	56	46	48	47
LMp Lee Mak	71	72	71	83	100	97	66	61	64	59	52	56	52
LMz Lee Mak	72	71	71	83	97	100	66	62	65	60	52	56	52
KY Kyak	52	52	53	61	66	66	100	92	93	65	68	69	66
MO Moo	52	49	51	58	61	62	92	100	88	62	62	64	62
LE LeeLau	50	48	50	57	64	65	93	88	100	65	66	68	64
THA Tha (Joole Manga)	53	52	51	56	59	60	65	62	65	100	73	71	70
MIN Munga Doso	48	48	48	46	52	52	68	62	66	73	100	90	91
DZA Dza	47	48	50	48	56	56	69	64	68	71	90	100	98
JOL Joole	46	48	50	47	52	52	66	62	64	70	91	98	100

# Jen cluster lexicostatistics (b. immediate groupings 80%+)

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Comparison  
Jen cluster Grid Display  
 Tally  Total =  Percent

	BU Burak	LOg Loo	LOw Loo	MA Maghdi	LMp Lee Mak	LMz Lee Mak	KY Kyak	MO Moo	LE LeeLau	THA Tha (Joole Manga)	MIN Munga Doso	DZA Dza	JOL Joole
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LOg Loo	92	100	95	76	72	71	52	49	48	52	48	48	48
LOw Loo	88	95	100	76	71	71	53	51	50	51	48	50	50
MA Maghdi	79	76	76	100	83	83	61	58	57	56	46	48	47
LMp Lee Mak	71	72	71	83	100	97	66	61	64	59	52	56	52
LMz Lee Mak	72	71	71	83	97	100	66	62	65	60	52	56	52
KY Kyak	52	52	53	61	66	66	100	92	93	65	68	69	66
MO Moo	52	49	51	58	61	62	92	100	88	62	62	64	62
LE LeeLau	50	48	50	57	64	65	93	88	100	65	66	68	64
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DZA Dza	47	48	50	48	56	56	69	64	68	71	90	100	98
JOL Joole	46	48	50	47	52	52	66	62	64	70	91	98	100

# Jen cluster lexicostatistics

## (c. larger groupings 70%+)

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Comparison: Jen cluster | Grid Display:  Tally /  Total =  Percent

	BU Burak	LOg Loo	LOw Loo	MA Maghdi	LMp Lee Mak	LMz Lee Mak	KY Kyak	MO Moo	LE LeeLau	THA Tha (Joole Manga)	MIN Munga Doso	DZA Dza	JOL Joole
► BU Burak	100	92	88	79	71	72	52	52	50	53	48	47	46
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LOw Loo	88	95	100	76	71	71	53	51	50	51	48	50	50
MA Maghdi	79	76	76	100	83	83	61	58	57	56	46	48	47
LMp Lee Mak	71	72	71	83	100	97	66	61	64	59	52	56	52
LMz Lee Mak	72	71	71	83	97	100	66	62	65	60	52	56	52
KY Kyak	52	52	53	61	66	66	100	92	93	65	68	69	66
MO Moo	52	49	51	58	61	62	92	100	88	62	62	64	62
LE LeeLau	50	48	50	57	64	65	93	88	100	65	66	68	64
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MIN Munga Doso	48	48	48	46	52	52	68	62	66	73	100	90	91
DZA Dza	47	48	50	48	56	56	69	64	68	71	90	100	98
JOL Joole	46	48	50	47	52	52	66	62	64	70	91	98	100

# Jen cluster lexicostatistics

## (d. primary groupings 60%+)

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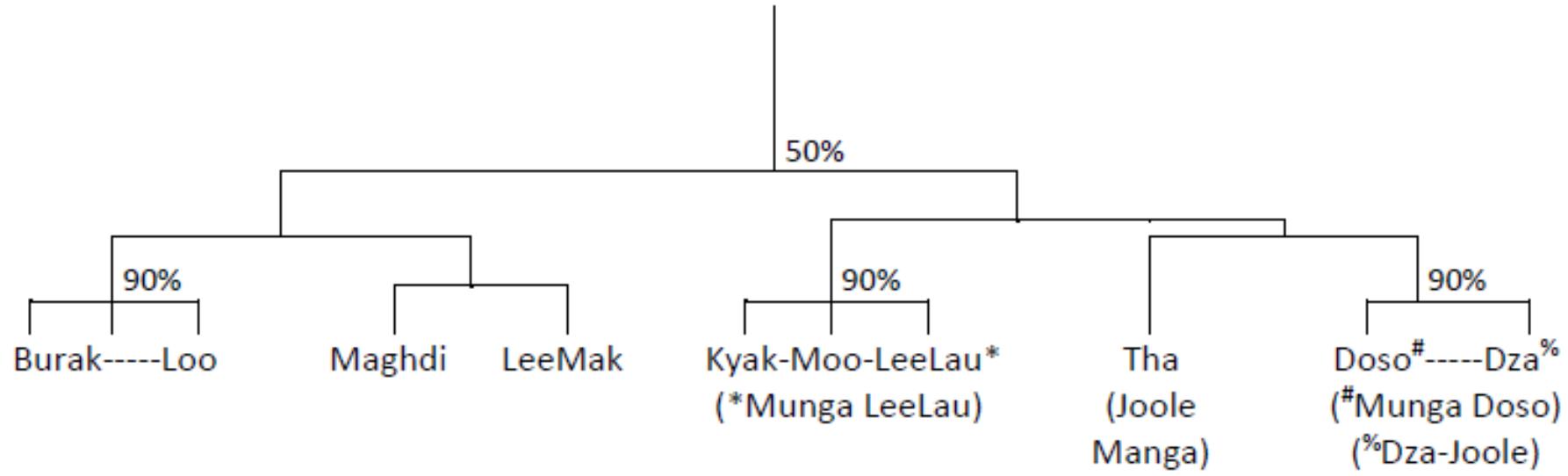
Comparison: Jen cluster | Grid Display:  Tally /  Total =  Percent

	BU Burak	LOg Loo	LOw Loo	MA Maghdi	LMp Lee Mak	LMz Lee Mak	KY Kyak	MO Moo	LE LeeLau	THA Tha (Joole Manga)	MIN Munga Doso	DZA Dza	JOL Joole
► BU Burak	100	92	88	79	71	72	52	52	50	53	48	47	46
LOg Loo	92	100	95	76	72	71	52	49	48	52	48	48	48
LOw Loo	88	95	100	76	71	71	53	51	50	51	48	50	50
MA Maghdi	79	76	76	100	83	83	61	58	57	56	46	48	47
LMp Lee Mak	71	72	71	83	100	97	66	61	64	59	52	56	52
LMz Lee Mak	72	71	71	83	97	100	66	62	65	60	52	56	52
KY Kyak	52	52	53	61	66	66	100	92	93	65	68	69	66
MO Moo	52	49	51	58	61	62	92	100	88	62	62	64	62
LE LeeLau	50	48	50	57	64	65	93	88	100	65	66	68	64
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JOL Joole	46	48	50	47	52	52	66	62	64	70	91	98	100

# Some isoglosses for the two primary groupings

gloss	Burak	Loo	Maghdi	Mak	Kyāk	Moo	LeeLau	Tha	Doso	Dza
<i>belly</i>	fū	fú	fū	fú	wá	wá	wá	qà	qà	qá
<i>tomorrow</i>	vē	vē	vě̄i	vě̄i	būŋ	būŋ	būŋ	béŋ	bīŋ	bèŋ
<i>dig</i>	jă	jā	jà	já	zà	zà	ðà	ðà	hà	hà
<i>take</i>	pí	pí	pí	pî	lē	lē	lě̄i	jí	dí	dí
<i>shoe</i>	wèŋmī	wòŋmī	wèŋmě̄i	wáŋmú	ጀ	ጀ	əñ	hǔ	bím	hű
<i>guinea corn</i>	jă	jā	íſà	jítā	mìn	mīn	mìn	mù	mùm	mwú
<i>moon</i>	pí	pí	pí:	pī	fī	fí	fī	fī	fíŋm	íŋí
<i>kill</i>	wòb	wèb	wòp	wèb	zèp	zèp	ðēp	θè	jè	jè
<i>walk</i>	wē(lé)	wēlé	wé(lè)	wō	zō	zò	ðəù	ðòbò	hò	hō

# Jen cluster in tree format



# Phonology across a cluster: pilot study

- Talodi cluster (Niger-Congo, *Kordofanian/Nubaic*)
- 9 languages (Norton & Alaki 2015), 5 currently written
- Tocho /c/    Dagik /s/
- cɔrɛ                sɔrɛ                ‘seed’
- carək              sarək              ‘belly’
- cəŋgi              səŋgi              ‘sun’
- ciŋ                  si                  ‘thigh’
- cɔðɔk              sɔðɔ              ‘star’
- cəŋik              səŋi              ‘tooth’
- Sound correspondences systematically reveal different phonemes / alphabet needs for each language of the cluster

# Jen cluster phonology – vowels

- Dza 9-vowel system (Othaniel 2016)

i	ɿ	u
e	ə	o
ɛ	a	ɔ

- Reconstructable vowels for the Jen cluster

*i	*ɿ	*u
(*e)	*ə	(*o)
		*a

- “3 central vowels” language type
- Mid front/back vowels problematic
  - **ATR:** There are no series showing stable ATR contrasts \*e/\*ɛ \*o/\*ɔ across the cluster (and it is hard to see how these developed in Dza)
  - **Irregularity:** mid vowels occur in irregular series with diphthongs...

– *Irregular offglide formation \*o>əu/\_# in open syllables (also \*o>we, \*o>u)*

gloss	Burak	Loo	Maghdi	Mak	Kyāk	Moo	LeeLau	Tha	Doso	Dza
<i>lie (down)</i>	ləú	ləú	ləú	ləú	ló	lő	ló	ləú	lweì	lwé
<i>cook</i>	jō	jō	jəùwē	jəû	jō	jō	jò	jəù	pì	pì
<i>fall</i>	wō	wǒ	jəù	jéw	ō	ō	ò	?ò	ò	ō
<i>suck</i>		aú		əú	òŋ	òŋ	òŋ	ŋəù	ü	ű

– *Irregular onglide formation \*o>wə/\_C in closed syllables*

gloss	Burak	Loo	Maghdi	Mak	Kyāk	Moo	LeeLau	Tha	Doso	Dza
<i>knee</i>	lòk	lók	lòk	lwèŋ	kéŋ	zìŋáŋ	lwéŋ	lòjàŋ	dwèŋ	dzwéŋ
<i>bark</i>	kòklè	kòlē	kôŋ	kwèŋ	pwèm	pòŋ	kwòŋ	kwèŋ	pwé	pwè
<i>spear</i>	mòm	mwèm	móm		mwèm	mwèm				
<i>ten</i>	ʃób	ʃôb	ʃúwób	swèb	swèb	swèb	sòp			

- *Irregular offglide \*e>əi/\_# in open syllables*

gloss	Burak	Loo	Maghdi	Mak	Kyāk	Moo	LeeLau	Tha	Doso	Dza
<i>tooth</i>	lē	lə̄i	lə̄i	lə̄i	l̄ē	l̄ē	lə̄i	j̄īj̄i	d̄i	d̄ʒ̄i
<i>calabash</i>	d̄ē	d̄ē	d̄ə̄i	d̄ə̄i	d̄ē	d̄ē	d̄ə̄i	lə̄i	l̄i	d̄ʒ̄i
<i>wife</i>	lí-ʃ̄ē	lí-ʃ̄ə̄i	ʃ̄ē	lí-síj̄ē	ì-sí	sí	ʃ̄ím	ʃ̄i	h̄ē	h̄ē
<i>left</i>	m̄ē	márl̄è	màl̄è	mə̄i	m̄ē	m̄ē	mə̄i	m̄ī	m̄i	m̄i

- *Irregular onglide \*e>jə/\_C in closed syllables?*

– Nasalised vowel development VN >  $\tilde{V}$

gloss	Burak	Loo	Maghdi	Mak	Kyāk	Moo	Leelau	Tha	Doso	Dza
<i>big</i>			gòŋ	gwēŋ	g̊zī	āŋgā	áŋgā	nágò	áŋgā	àkā
<i>red</i>	jīn	jēnē	jēnē	jín	zēn	zēn	ðéni	áʒɛ	jé	jɛ
<i>work</i>	túmī	těmí	túmí	ňtò	tó	tʃò	tō		tsùm	tū

– Nasalised vowel development NV > C $\tilde{V}$

gloss	Burak	Loo	Maghdi	Mak	Kyāk	Moo	LeeLau	Tha	Doso	Dza
<i>meat</i>	jēm	jém	jém	jèm	jě	jěm	jém	jē	ゅěm	jé
<i>bad</i>								jéw	ゅîw	

# Jen cluster phonology – consonants

- Stable correspondences p t d k m n (ŋ/\_#) l j w
- Widespread but not fully stable ŋ dʒ b g ɣ b ɳ f r ɳ
- Further consonants seen in unstable correspondences t̪s d̪z t̪ʃ d̪ʒ v θ ð s z ʃ ʒ y h ɣ j ɳ k c ɬ kp ?
- (Occasional allophonic variants in Mak s l x for s l k)
- Some sound changes in Dza
  - no \*r (e.g. ‘two’ \*rap but Dza juŋ)
  - deimplosion \*b>b etc.
  - devoicing \*b>p etc.

– *Chain shift b > b > p in Dza*

gloss	Burak	Loo	Maghdi	Mak	Kyāk	Moo	Leelau	Tha	Doso	Dza
ask	bíp	bép	bíp	bíp	bí	bíp	bíp	bìm	bí	bí
rope	bél	bēl	bēl	bèl	bíl	bél	bèl	bèi	bèi	bè
egg	bēŋ	bēŋ	bèŋ	béŋ	bùŋ	bùŋ	būŋ	bīŋ	bīŋ	pīŋ
stab	bèt	bēt	bè	bè	bē	bjē	bəi	bè	bəù	pè

– *Shift d > d (or dʒ or dz) in Dza*

gloss	Burak	Loo	Maghdi	Mak	Kyāk	Moo	LeeLau	Tha	Doso	Dza
yesterday	lɛ̄	lē	líjè	lē	kí	dí	làlī	jí	djəù	dò
take					lē	lē	ləi	jí	dí	dí
calabash	d̄e	d̄e	dəi	dəi	d̄e	d̄e	dəi	ləi	lì	dʒí
dog	d̄wá	d̄wá	d̄wà	d̄wá	d̄zwâ	wìd̄wà	d̄wà	ψìpà	jíd̄wà	ìd̄zwá

– *Irregular correspondences involving I and d*

gloss	Burak	Loo	Maghdi	Mak	Kyāk	Moo	LeeLau	Tha	Doso	Dza
<i>pull up</i>	lūb	lùb	lúb	lūb	lìb	lùb	lùb	lù	dù	dzwū
<i>tooth</i>	lē	lə̄i	lə̄i	lə̄i	lē	lē	lə̄i	j̄j̄i	dī	dʒī
<i>take</i>					lē	lē	lə̄i	j̄i	dī	dī
<i>locust bean tree</i>		lwə̄i	lwə̄i	d̄wī	d̄wī	lwī	jī	d̄wīj̄e	dzwī	
<i>fire</i>	lwà	lwà	lwâ	lwá	d̄wà	qà	lwà	qà	d̄wā:	dzwà
<i>call</i>	lú	lú	lúvə̄i		l̄ibē	l̄ibē	lùbə̄i	dúbī	dúp̄i	dzúp̄i
<i>nose</i>	lúrī	lúrī	lwílī	d̄uré	dúr	dúr	dúr	dū	d̄wī	dʒwī
<i>name</i>	lín	lín	lín	dīn	d̄wín	d̄wín	dun	dū	dīj̄íŋ	dzúŋ
<i>bite</i>	lúm							dū		
<i>calabash</i>	d̄ē	d̄ē	d̄ə̄i	d̄ə̄i	d̄ē	d̄ē	d̄ə̄i	lə̄i	lì	dʒ̄i
<i>basket</i>	d̄ōk	d̄ōk	d̄ōk	d̄ōk	d̄ōk	d̄ōk	dōk	lə̄ú	lō	lò

– *Irregular correspondences involving I and d and k*

gloss	Burak	Loo	Maghdi	Mak	Kyāk	Moo	LeeLau	Tha	Doso	Dza
<i>tongue</i>	dék	dék	dék	lén	kīm	kík	ljén	léŋ	líjēm	lé
<i>knee</i>	lök	lök	lök	lwèŋ	kéŋ	zìqáŋ	lwéŋ	lòjàŋ	dwèŋ	dzwéŋ
<i>today</i>	dī	dī		dèsī	kījà	kìkà	dīgà		lìjè	dʒènī
<i>yesterday</i>	lē	lē	líjè	lē	kī	dī	làlī	jj̄	djəù	dò

# Conclusions

1. Jen is a cluster with 50% internal similarity. Autonyms in the area distinguish 10 language communities, but these form 6 language-like units of 90%+ internal similarity.
  - The earlier ‘Bikwin-Jen’ division is not supported by lexicostatistics – the primary division is between Burak...Mak and Kyāk...Dza
2. Jen sound correspondences are very complex
  - A *lot* of sound changes (especially in Tha/Doso/Dza) and it is rare to find the same correspondence series in more than one root
  - Some changes are conditioned by syllable structure or involve restructuring two adjacent sounds
  - Irregular correspondences suggest undiscovered morphology and also language contact
  - Dza, the first written Jen language, has lost implosives & the flap, but the other languages have them and will need to write them
  - ATR contrast is not supported by correspondence series so is not historically a feature of the Jen cluster. So most Jen languages are unlikely to need 4 mid vowels /ɛɔʊ/ in a phonemic alphabet.

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